

IN THE HIGH COURT OF KARNATAKA AT BANGALORE

Dated this the 22nd day of December, 2006

BEFORE:

THE HON'BLE MR JUSTICE D V SHYLENDRA KUMAR

Writ Petition No 50822 of 2003 [GM-KEB]

C/w
WP Nos 48147, 48449, 48766, 49622, 49933, 49934
49935, 50049, 50369, 50371, 50372, 50408, 50583,
50589, 50868, 50869, 50935, 51265, 52099, 52150,
52230, 52240, 52242, 52309, 52343, 52645, 52771,
52828, 52903, 53352, 53380, 53381, 54119, 54120,
54121 of 2003 & 129, 1597, 1873, 3097, 3174, 3326,
3822, 5760, 8525, 11813 of 2004 & 50441, 51857 of 2003
& 8587, 20453, 42632, 8586, 8985, 10611, 5850, 11930,
12228, 15312, 15703, 17369, 18090, 18124, 18683,
19280, 19716, 20987, 37432 and 41035 of 2004 CAM-KE

In WP No 50822 OF 2003

BETWEEN

1

RAJASHREE CEMENT
A UNIT OF GRASIM INDUSTRIES LIMITED
ADITYA NAGAR, MALKHED ROAD
TALUK SEDAM, DIST GULBARGA
BY ITS DEPUTY GENERAL MANAGER
(FINANCE & ACCOUTNS) AUTHORISED
SIGNATORY, SACHIN BANGUR ... PETITIONER

(By Sri PRAMOD M KATHAVI FOR M/S KPSD LAW HOUS)

AND

1 STATE OF KARNATAKA VIDHANA SOUDHA DR. AMBEDKAR VEEDHI BANGALORE-560 001 BY ITS CHIEF SECRETARY

- 2 STATE OF KARNATAKA
 DEPARTMENT OF PARLIAMENTARY
 AFFAIRS AND LEGISLATION
 VIDHANA SOUDHA
 DE AMBEDKAR VEEDHI
 BANGALORE 01
 BY ITS SECY
- 3 STATE OF KARNATAKA
 DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY
 VIDHANA SOUDHA
 DR. AMBEDKAR VEDHI
 BANGALORE 01
 BY ITS SECY
- 4 THE CHIEF ELECTRICAL INSPECTOR GOVERNMENT OF KARNATAKA BANGALORE - 560 001
- 5 THE DEPUTY ELECTRICAL INSPECTOR GOVERNMENT OF KARNATAKA PLOT NO.25, GURUNATHRAO SAJJAN BUILDING JEEVARCI ROAD COLONY GULBÁRGA

... RESPONDENTS

(By SRI DINESH RAO, AGA)

THIS PETITION IS FILED UNDER ARTICLES 226 AND 227 OF THE CONSTITUTION OF INDIA, PRAYING TO DECLARE THE KARNATAKA ELECTRICITY (TAXATION ON CONSUMPTION) (AMENDMENT) ORDINANCE, 2003, DT. 16.10.2003 VIDE ANN-A PROMULGATED BY THE GOVERNOR OF KARNATAKA AS ULTRA VIRES THE CONSTITUTION OF INDIA, ILLEGAL, INVALID AND UNENFORCEABLE IN SO FAR AS THE PETITIONER IS CONCERNED AND ETC.

3

IN WP No 48147 OF 2003

BETWEEN

PRESTIGE PROPETY
MANAGEMENT & SERVICES
A DULY REGD PARTNERSHIP FIRM
303, COPPER ARCH, III FLOOR
INFANTRY ROAD
BANGALORE -01
REP BY ITS PARTNER
AND AUTHORISED SIGNATORY
REZWAN RAZACK

... PETITIONER

(By MS DHANALAKSHMI, ADV FOR M/s NANDI LAW CHAMBERS)

AND:

- 1 STATE OF KARNATAKA
 BY ITS CHIEF SECRETARY
 VIDHANA SOUDHA
 BANGALORE 560 001
- THE CHIEF ELECTRICAL INSPECTOR STATE OF KARNATAKA MYSUGAR BUILDING J.C. ROAD BANGALORE - 560 002

... RESPONDENTS

(By SRI N DINESH RAO, AGA)

THIS PETITION IS FILED UNDER ARTICLES 226 AND 227 OF THE CONSTITUTION OF INDIA, PRAYING TO SET ASIDE AND QUASH THE NOTICE DT.10-9-2003 VIDE ANN.E, LETTER DT.22-9-2003 VIDE ANN.G, NOTICE DT.27-10-2003, VIDE ANN.H1 AND ORDINANCE DT.16-10-2003 VIDE ANN.K.

IN WP No 48449 OF 2003

BETWEEN

1 J K INDUSTRIES LTD NO.7, COUNCIL HOUSE STREET KOLKOTA-700 001
REP BY ITS GENERAL MANAGER
(COMMERCIAL & LEGAL)
DATTAREY D BHAT

... PETITIONER

(By Sri CHAITANYA HEGADE)

AND

- 1 THE STATE OF KARNATAKA
 BY ITS SECRETARY TO GOVT
 (I/C) DEPARTMENT OF PARLIAMENTARY
 AFFAIRS AND LEGISLATION
 VIDHANA SOUDHA
 BANGALORE -01
- 2 CHIEF ELECTRICAL INSPECTOR
 GOVERNMENT OF KARNATAKA
 M.S. BUILDING
 DR ABMEDKAR VEEDHI
 BANGALORE -01
- 3 ELECTRICAL INSPECTOR MYSORE DIVISION NO.95/B, 3RD CROSS, GANGOTHRI EXTN, I PHASE MYSORE - 570009

... RESPONDENTS

(By SR! N DINESH RAO, AGA)

THIS PETITION IS FILED UNDER ARTICLES 226 AND 227 OF THE CONSTITUTION OF INDIA, PRAYING TO DECLARE THAT THE KARNATAKA ELECTRICITY (TAXATION ON CONSUMPTION AMENDMENT) ORDINANCE 2003, KARNATAKA ORDINANCE NO.8 OF 2003, ANX. A, AS UNCONSTITUTIONAL AND VOID.

IN WP No 48766 OF 2003

BETWEEN

1 M/S KIRLOSKAR FERROUS INDUSTRIES LTD BEVINAHALLI VILLAGE,

HITNAL - 583 234. REP. BY ITS MANAGING DIRECTOR MR.R.V.GUMASTHE.

2 MR RACHAVENDRA JOSHI
SHAREHOLDER
M/S. KIRLOSKAR FERROUS INDUSTRIES LTD.,
BEVINAHALLI VILLAGE,
HITNAL - 583 234. ... PETITIONERS

(By M/S S N MURTHY & SOMASHEKAR)

AND

30

- THE STATE OF KARNATAKA
 DEPARTMENT OF PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS
 AND LEGISLATION,
 VIDHANA SOUDHA,
 BANGALORE 560001.
- 2 THE DEPUTY ELECTRICAL INSPECTOR KOPPAL ... RESPONDENTS

(By SRI N DINESH RAO, AGA)

THIS PETITION IS FILED UNDER ARTICLES 226 AND 227 OF THE CONSTITUTION OF INDIA, PRAYING TO QUASH VIDE ANX. J DT. 16.10.2003 LEVYING ELECTRICITY TAX AT 50 PS. PER UNIT ON THE UNITS GENERATED BY THE PETITIONER.

IN WP No 49622 OF 2003

BETWEEN

- ZENITH TEXTILES

 (A UNIT OF ZENITH EXPORTS LTD)

 NO.13ABC, NANJUNGUD INDUSTRIAL AREA

 NANJANGUD 571 301,

 REP. BY ITS MILL MANAGER

 SRI.S.GURUSIDDAIAH
- 2 M/S AT&S INDIA LIMITED

NO.12/A, INDUSTRIAL AREA NANJUNGUD 571 301 REP. BY ITS MANAGING DIRECTOR & CFO SRI PRADEEP MEHTA

- 3 M/S PASARI SPINNING MILLS LIMITED NO.746/10, 7TH CROSS 12TH MAIN, HANUMANTHANAGAR BANGALORE 560 019 REP. BY ITS DIRECTOR SRI T.K.GUPTHA
- 4 M/S SAI LAKSHMI INDUSTRIES PVT LTD
 THANDYA INDSUTRIAL AREA,
 KEMPI SIDDANA HUNDI 571 302
 NANJANGUD TQ
 MYSORE DISTRICT
 REP. BY ITS MANAGER PERSONNEL
 DUGGAPPA V.P. ... PETITIONERS

(By M/S S N MURTHY & SOMASHEKAR)

AND

- THE STATE OF KARNATAKA
 DEAPRIMENT OF PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS
 AND REGISTRATION
 VIDHANA SOUDHA,
 EANGALORE 560 001
 REP. BY ITS CHIEF SECRETARY
- THE ELECTRIAL INSPECTORATE
 GOVERNMENT OF KARNATAKA
 NO.95/B, 3RD CROSS, 1ST STAGE
 GANGOTHRI EXTENSION
 MYSORE 570 009

... RESPONDENTS

(By SRI N DINESH RAO, AGA)

THIS PETITION IS FILED UNDER ARTICLES 226 AND 227 OF THE CONSTITUTION OF INDIA, [ORIGINALLY NUMBERED AS WP NO 49622-25 of 2003; NO RETAINED WP 49622 of 2003; NO. DELETED WP NO 4963-25 of 2003] PRAYING TO QUASH THE

NOTIFICATION DT. 16.10.2003 VIDE ANN-E LEVYING ELECTRICITY TAX AT 50 Ps. PER UNIT ON THE UNITS GENERATED BY THE PETITIONERS.

IN WP No 49933 OF 2003

BETWEEN

BANHATTI CO-OP SPINNING MILLS LTD BASAWANAGAR, BANAHATTI 587 311 JAMKHANDI TALUK BAGALKOT DISTRICT BY ITS MANAGING DIRECTOR MR SINGRI SHANKARA SETTY

PETITIONER

(By'Sri N SHASHI BHUSHAN)

AND

- 1 THE STATE OF KARNATAKA BY ITS CHIEF SECRETARY VIDHANA SOUDHA BANGALORE-01
- THE CHIEF ELECTRICAL INSPECTOR
 HEAD OFFICE, SNEHA BUILDING
 BEHIND SANMATHI HOSTEL
 DHARWAD 580 001

... RESPONDENTS

(By SRI N DINESH RAO, AGA)

THIS PETITION IS FILED UNDER ARTICLES 226 AND 227 OF THE CONSTITUTION OF INDIA, PRAYING TO QUASH VIDE ANN-A, THE KARNATAKA ELECTRICITY (TAXATION ON CONSUMPTION (AMENDMENT) ORDINANCE, 2003, DT. 16.10.2003 PROMULGATED BY R1 PUBLISHED IN KARNATAKA GAZETTE AND CONSEQUENTLY QUASH ANN-B, THE NOTICE DT. 2.11.2003 VIDE ANN-B BY R2 IN SO FAR AS THE PETITIONER IS CONCERNED.

IN WP No 49934 OF 2003

BETWEEN

1 ANANTHA SPINNING MILLS PVT LTD NO 82, KELAGOTE KIADB INDUTRIAL AREA, CHITRADURGA 577 501

... PETITIONERS

(By Sri N SHASHI BHUSHAN)

AND

- 1 THE STATE OF KARNATAKA
 BY ITS CHIEF SECRETARY
 VIDHANA SOUDHA
 BANGALORE 1
- 2 THE DEPUTY ELECTRICAL INSPECTOR CHITRADURGA ... RESPONDENTS

(By SRI N DINESH RAO, AGA)

THIS PETITION IS FILED UNDER ARTICLES 226 AND 227 OF THE CONSTITUTION OF INDIA, PRAYING TO QUASH ANN.A, THE KARNATAKA ELECTRICITY (TAXATION ON CONSUMPTION) (AMENDMENT) ORDINANCE, 2003, DT.16-10-2003 PROMULGATED BY R-1 PUBLISHED IN THE KARNATAKA GAZETTE AND CONSEQUENTLY QUASH ANN.B, NOTICE DT.10-11-2003 VIDE ANN.B ISSUED BY R-2.

IN WP No 49935 OF 2003

BETWEEN

SUBADRA TEXTILE PVT LTD

MAGADI ROAD, GOVINDARAJA NAGAR

BANGALORE 79 ... PETITIONER

(By Sri N SHASHI BHUSHAN)

AND

(T

- 1 THE STATE OF KARNATAKA
 BY ITS CHIEF SECRETARY
 VIDHANA SOUDHA
 BANGALORE 1
- THE ELECTRICAL INSPECTOR
 BANGALORE NORTH DIVISION
 NO 63, 5TH CROSS
 MAHAKAVI KUVEMPU ROAD
 MALLESWARAM, BANGALORE-3

.. RESPONDENTS

(By SRI N DINESH RAO, AGA)

THIS PETITION IS FILED UNDER ARTICLES 226 AND 227 OF THE CONSTITUTION OF INDIA, PRAYING TO QUASH ANX. 'A', THE KARNATAKA ELECTRICITY (TAXATION ON COMSUMPTION) (AMENDMENT) ORDINANCE, 2003, BEARING NO.DPAL 54 SHASANA 2003, DT. 16.10.2003 PROMULGATED BY THE R1 PUBLISHED IN THE KARNATAKA GAZETTE.

IN WP No 50049 OF 2003

BETWEEN

M R VEERANNA SETTY
PARTNER OF BASAVESWARA RUCE NUKKS
SURVEY NO 92/2A2, 5TH KM
NH 13, NEAR GUDDADA
RANGAVVANA HALLI
CHITRADURGA 577 502 ... PETITIONERS

(By SRI SHASHI BUSHAN)

AND

THE STATE OF KARNATAKA
BY ITS CHIEF SECRETARY
VIDHANA SOUDHA
BANGALORE 1

4

2 THE DEPUTY ELECTRICAL INSPECTOR CHITRADURGA 577 501 ... RESPONDENTS

(By SRI N DINESH RAO, AGA)

THIS PETITION IS FILED UNDER ARTICLES 226 AND 227 OF THE CONSTITUTION OF INDIA, [ORIGINALLY NUMBERED AS WP 50049-50 OF 2003; NO RETAINED WP NO 50049 OF 2003; NO DELETED WP NO 50050 OF 2003] PRAYING TO QUASH ANX. 'A', DT.16.10.2003 PROMULATED BY THE R1 PUBLISHED IN THE KARNATAKA GAZETTE AND CONSEQUENTLY QUASHING ANX. B, THE NOTICE BEARING NO.(NILDT. 17.11.2003, ISSUED BY R2.

IN WP No 50369 OF 2003

BETWEEN

1 CHITRADURGA SPINTEX LITD
P B NO 9
BANGALRE ROAD, CHALLAKERE
CHITRADURGA, REP BY CHAIRMAN
S RAJASHEKARAPPA ...

PETITIONER

(By Sri N SHASHI BHUSHAN)

AND

- 1 THE STATE OF KARNATAKA BY ITS CHIEF SECRETARY VIDHANA SOUDHA BANGALORE
- THE DEPUTY ELECTRICAL INSPECTOR
 CHITRADURGA ... RESPONDENTS

(By SRI N DINESH RAO, AGA)

THIS PETITION IS FILED UNDER ARTICLES 226 AND 227 OF THE CONSTITUTION OF INDIA, PRAYING TO QUASH VIDE ANN-A THE KARNATAKA ELECTRICITY (TAXATION ON CONSUMPTION)

(AMENDMENT) ORDINANCE, 2003, DT. 16.10.2003 PROMULGATED BY R1 PUBLISHED IN THE KARNATAKA GAZETTE AND CONSEQUENTLY QUASH ANN-B THE NOTICE BEARING NO.NIL DT. NIL VIDE ANN-B BY R2 IN SO FAR AS THE FETITIONER IS CONCERNED.

IN WP No 50371 OF 2003

BETWEEN

G O GOPALA HINDU, PARTNER OF SREE JAYALAKSHMI TEXTILES, P.B.N O 50, BANGALORE ROAD, CHALLAKERE 577 522 CHITRADURGA DISTRICT

PETITIONER

(By Sri N SHASHI BHUSHAN)

AND

- 1 THE STATE OF KARNATAKA
 BY ITS CHIEF SECRETARY
 VIDHANA SOUDHA
 BANGALORE 1
- THE DEPUTY ELETRICAL INSPECTOR
 SARVAMANGALA NILAYA,
 NEELAKANTESHWARA LAYOUT,
 CHITRADURGA ... RESPONDENTS

(By SRI N DINESH RAO, AGA)

THIS PETITION IS FILED UNDER ARTICLES 226 AND 227 OF THE CONSTITUTION OF INDIA, PRAYING TO QUASH VIDE ANN-A THE KARNATAKA ELECTRICITY (TAXATION ON CONSUMPTION) (AMENDMENT) ORDINANCE, 2003, DT. 16.10.2003 PROMULGATED BY R1 PUBLISHED IN THE KARNATAKA GAZETTE AND CONSEQUENTLY QUASH ANN-B THE NOTICE DT. 6.11.2003 VIDE ANN-B BY R2.

IN WP No 50372 OF 2003

BETWEEN

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VISHNU TEXTILES LTD

KAMPALAPURA 571 136

PERIYAPATNA, MYSORE
A REGISTERED COMPANY INCORPORATED
UNDER THE COMPANIES ACT 1956
REP BY MD S V RAMASWAMY

... PETITIONER

(By Sri N SHASHI BHUSHAN)

AND

- 1 THE STATE OF KARNATAKA BY ITS CHIEF SECRETARY VIDHANA SOUDHA BANGALORE
- THE DEPUTY ELECTRICAL INSPECTOR
 NO 95/B, 3 CROSS
 GANGOTHRI LAYOUT
 1 SANTHE, MYSORE ... RESPONDENTS

(By SRI N DINESH RAO, AGA)

THIS PETITION IS FILED UNDER ARTICLES 226 AND 227 OF THE CONSTITUTION OF INDIA, PRAYING TO QUASH VIDE ANN-A THE KARNATAKA ELECTRICITY (TAXATION ON CONSUMPTION) (AMENDMENT) ORDINANCE, 2003, DT. 16.10.2003 PROMULGATED BY R1 PUBLISHED IN THE KARNATAKA GAZETTE AND CONSEQUENTLY QUASH ANN-B THE NOTICE DT. 28.10.2003 VIDE ANN-B BY R2.

IN WP No 50408 OF 2003

BETWEEN

GRAPHITE INDIA LTD VISWESWARAIAH INDUSTRIAL AREA WHITEFIELD ROAD BANGALORE-48 REP BY GEN MANAGER G J MEHTA, AGED 56 YRS

... PETITIONER

(By Sri M M SWAMY)

AND

- 1 THE STATE OF KARNATAKA
 REP BY ITS SECRETARY
 DEAPRTMENT OF ENERGY
 VIDHANA SOUDHA, BANGALORE
- 2 THE CHIEF ELECTRICAL INSPECTOR BANGALORE NORTH BANGALORE

... RESPONDENTS

(By SRI N DINESH RAO, AGA)

THIS PETITION IS FILED UNDER ARTICLES 226 AND 227 OF THE CONSTITUTION OF INDIA, PRAYING TO DECLARE THAT THE KARNATAKA ORDINANCE NO.8/2003 DT. 16.10.2003 VIDE ANN-G IS ILLEGAL AND UNCONSTITUTIONAL.

IN WP No 50583 OF 2003

<u>BETWEEN</u>

SREE MEENAKSHISUNDARAM
TEXTILES LTD
BELATHUR VILLAGE,
K.R. NAGAR ROAD
HUNSUR - 571 105
MYSORE DIST
A COMPANY INCORPORATED
UNDER THE COMPANIES ACT, 1956
REP BY ITS EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR
MANISH MALANI

... PETITIONER

(By Sri N SHASHI BHUSHAN)

AND

- 1 STATE OF KARNATAKA
 BY ITS CHIEF SECRETARY
 VIDHANA SOUDHA
 BANGALORE 560 001
- 2 THE ELECTRICAL INSPECTOR
 NO.95/B, 3RD CROSS
 GANGOTHRI LAYOUT
 1ST BLOCK, MYSORE 570 009

... RESPONDENTS

(By SRI N DINESH RAO, AGA)

THIS PETITION IS FILED UNDER ARTICLES 226 AND 227 OF THE CONSTITUTION OF INDIA, PRAYING TO QUASH VIDE ANX. A DT. 16.10.2003 BY R1 AND QUASH VIDE ANX. B DT. 29.10.2003 ISSUED BY R2.

WP No 50589 OF 2003

BETWEEN

SREE KUMARAVEL TEXTILES LTD
SEEGUR VILLAGEP.B. NO 2.
PERIYAPATNA 571 105
MYSORE DISTRICT, BY ITS DIRECTOR
BHART MALANI ... PETITIONER

(By Sri N SHASHI BHUSHAN)

AND

- 1 STATE OF KARNATAKA
 BY ITS CHIEF SECRETARY
 VIDHANA SOUDHA
 BANGALORE 1
- THE DEPUTY ELECTRICAL INSPECTOR
 NO 95/B, 3RD CROSS,
 GANGOTHRI LAYOUT,
 I BLOCK MYSORE 570 009 ... RESPONDENTS

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(By SRI N DINESH RAO, AGA)

THIS PETITION IS FILED UNDER ARTICLES 226 AND 227 OF THE CONSTITUTION OF INDIA, PRAYING TO QUASH VIDE ANX. A DT. 16.10.2003 ISSUED BY THE R1 AND ANX. B DT. 28.10.2003 ISSUED BY R2.

IN WP No 50868 OF 2003

BETWEEN

SREE JAYALAKSHMI AUTO SPIN LTD "SANJANA", DAVANAGERE ROAD, CHITRADURGA 577 501, REP. BY ITS MANAGING DIRECTOR, K V PRABHAKAR.

PETITIONER

(By Sri N SHASHI BHUSHAN)

AND

- STATE OF KARNATAKA 1 BY ITS CHIEF SECRETARY, VIDHANA SOUDHA, BANGALORE 1.
- THE DY ELECTRICAL INSPECTOR SARVAMANGALA NILAYA, NEELAKANTESHWARA LAYOUT, CHITRADURGA.

... RESPONDENTS

(By SRI N DINESH RAO, AGA)

THIS PETITION IS FILED UNDER ARTICLES 226 AND 227 OF THE CONSTITUTION OF INDIA, PRAYING TO QUASH VIDE ANX. 'A', DT. 16.10.2003 BY R1 AND ANX. B DT. 17.11.2003 BY R2, IN SO FAR AS THE PETITIONERS ARE CONCERNED.

IN WP No 50869 OF 2003

BETWEEN

RAMKUMAR MILLS PVT LTD
RAJAJINAGAR,
BANGALORE 560 010
A REGD. CO. INCORPORATED UNDERT
THE COMPANIES ACT 1956,
REP. BY ITS EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR,
SHIVAKUMAR A YADALAM. ... PETITIONER

(By Sri N SHASHI BHUSHAN)

AND

- 1 STATE OF KARNATAKA
 BY ITS CHIEF SECRETARY,
 VIDHANA SOUDHA,
 BANGALORE 560 001
- THE DY ELECTRICAL INSPECTOR
 NORTH SUB DIVISION,
 6,7 & 8/C, SUDHA COMMERCIAL
 COMPLEX, 1ST FLOOR, 4TH N BLOCK,
 RAJAJINAGAR
 BANGALORE 560 010 ... RESPONDENTS

(By SRI N DINESH RAO, AGA)

THIS PETITION IS FILED UNDER ARTICLES 226 AND 227 OF THE CONSTITUTION OF INDIA, PRAYING TO QUASH VIDE ANX. A DT 16.10.2003 BY R1 AND ANX. B DT. 31.10.2003 BY R2.

IN WP No 50935 OF 2003

<u>Between</u>

THE ASSOCIATED CEMENT COMPANIES LTD REGD OFFICE, CEMENT HOUSE, 121, MAHARSHI KARVE ROAD, MUMBAI - 4000 020 REP BY ITS CONSTITUTED ATTORNEY

- 2 N VENKATARAMAN S/O LATE A R NATARAJAN 39 YEARS, R/AT NO.003, THE ESTATE, 121, DICKENSON ROAD BANGALORE - 560042
- 3 THE TATA POWER COMPNAY LIMITED REGD OFFICE AT BOMBAY HOUSE 24, HOMI MODY STREET MUMBAI - 400 001 REP BY ITS CONSTITUTED ATTORNEY
- 4 S VENKATARAMAN S/O T R SRINIVASAN 59 YEARS, R/AT B -43 NANDANVAN, S.V. ROAD MUMBAI - 400 058

.. PETITIONERS

(By SRI SRIRANGA FOR M/S SUNDARASWAMY RAMDAS)

AND

- 1 STATE OF KARNATAKA
 REP BY ITS PRINCIPAL
 SECY, DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY
 M.S. BUILDINGS
 "VIDHANA VEEDHI"
 BANGALORE 560001
- 2 DEPUTY ELECTRIC INSPECTOR PLOT NO 25, GURNATH RAO SAJJAN BUILDING JEVARGI ROAD COLONY GULBARGA - 585 101

... RESPONDENTS

(By SRI N DINESH RAO, AGA)

THIS PETITION IS FILED UNDER ARTICLES 226 AND 227 OF THE CONSTITUTION OF INDIA, [ORIGINALLY NUMBERED AS WP NO 50935-36 & 51092-93 OF 2003; NO RETAINED WP NO 50935 OF 2003; NO. DELETED WP NO 50936, 51092 & 51093 OF 2003] PRAYING TO DECLARE THAT KARNATAKA ORDINANCE NO.8/2003

(ANX.F) IS ILLEGAL, UNCONSTITUTIONAL IN SO FAR AS THE INSERTION OF SUB-SECTION (2) TO SECTION 3 OF THE KARNATAKA TAX ON ELECTRICITY (CONSUMPTION) ACT, 1959 SO FAR AS THE PETITIONERS ARE CONCERNED.

IN WP No 51265 OF 2003

<u>BETWEEN</u>

M/S BASF INDIA LIMITED
SURATKAL-BAJPE ROAD
BALA VILLAGE, VIA KATIJPALLA
MANGALORE, BY AUTHORISED OFFICER
A S RAJENDRAN NAIR ... PETITIONER

(By SRI A G HOLLA, SR COUNSEL FOR SRI P D VISHWANATH)

AND

- 1 STATE OF KARNATAKA
 VIDHANA SOUDHA
 BANGALORE
 REP BY CHIEF SECRETARY
- 2 STATE OF KARNATAKA
 DEPARTMENT OF PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS
 AND LEGISLATION
 VIDHANA SOUDHA
 BANGALORE
 BY ITS SECRETARY
- 3 DEPUTY CHIEF ELECTRICAL INSPECTOR
 NETRAVATHY BUILDING
 2 FLOOR, BALMATHA
 MANGALORE # ... RESPONDENTS

(By SRI N DINESH RAO, AGA)

THIS PETITION IS FILED UNDER ARTICLES 226 AND 227 OF THE CONSTITUTION OF INDIA, PRAYING TO DECLARE THAT THE KARNATAKA ELECTRICITY (TAXATION ON CONSUMPTION) (AMENDMENT) ORDINANCE 2003 (KARNATAKA ORDINANCE

No.8/2003) IS ULTRA VIRES AND THE STATE GOVT. IS NOT AUTHORISED TO MAKE SUCH A LAW.

IN WP No 52099 OF 2003

<u>BETWEEN</u>

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- 1 VIJAYANAND ROAD LINES LTD
 ADMN OFFICE: "VIJAYA KARNATAKA"
 GIRIRAJ ANNEXE CIRCUIT HOUSE ROAD
 HUBLI 580 029
 REP BY ITS PA HOLDER AND CONSTITUTED
 ATTORNEY, R.B. GADAGKAR
- VIJAYANAND PRINTERS LTD
 REGD OFFICE AT VARUR, TALUK HUBLI
 DIST DHARWAD, BY ITS
 MANAGING DIRECTOR BY HIS
 CONSTITUTED ATTORNEY
 R.B. GADAKAR ... PETITIONERS

(By M/S ANANT MANDGI & UJWALA A MANDGI)

AND

- THE STATE OF KARNATAKA
 REP BY ITS SECY TO GOVERNMENT
 DEPARTMENT OF PARLIEAMENTARY
 AFFAIRS AND LEGISLATION
 M.S. BUILDING, BANGALORE
- 2 THE PRINCIPAL SECRETARY
 ENERGY DEPARTMENT
 GOVT. OF KARNATAKA
 M.S. BUILDING, DR.AMBEDKAR VEEDHI
 BANGALORE-01
- THE CHIEF ELECTRICAL INSPECTOR
 STATE OF KARNATAKA
 MY SUGAR BUILDING
 J.C. ROAD
 BANGALORE-560002 ...

... RESPONDENTS

(By SRI N DINESH RAO, AGA)

THIS PETITION IS FILED UNDER ARTICLES 226 AND 227 OF THE CONSTITUTION OF INDIA, [ORIGINALLY NUMBERED AS WP NO 52099-100 OF 2003; NO RETAINED WP NO 52099 OF 2003; NO. DELETED WP NO 52100 OF 2003] PRAYING TO QUASH VIDE ANX. A DT. 16.10.2003 LEVYING 50 PAISE AS TAX ON THE ELECTRICITY GENERATED BY THE PETITIONER.

IN WP No 52150 OF 2003

BETWEEN

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PRECOT MILLS LTD
"SUPREM"
P.B. NO 3888, RACE COURSE
COIMBATORE - 641 018
REP BY ITS COMPANY SECY
G MANIKANDAM
36 YEARS

. PETITIONER

(By Sri M M SWAMY)

AND

- 1 THE STATE OF KARNATAKA
 REPTD BY ITS SECRETARY
 DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY
 VIDHANA SOUDHA
 BANGALORE 560001
- 2 THE DEPUTY ELECTRICAL INSPCTOR
 NEW EXTENSION
 KOLAR ... RESPONDENTS

(By SRI N DINESH RAO, AGA)

THIS PETITION IS FILED UNDER ARTICLES 226 AND 227 OF THE CONSTITUTION OF INDIA, PRAYING TO DECLARE THE KARNATAKA ORDINANCE No.8/2003 DT.16-10-2003, ISSUED BY R-1 VIDE ANN.C, AMENDING SEC.3 OF THE KARNATAKA ELECTRICITY (TAXATION ON CONSUMPTION) ACT 1959 BY

INTRODUCTION OF SUB-SEC.2 OF SECTION 30 OF THE SAID ACT, AS ILLEGAL UNCONSTITUTIONAL, ILLEGAL AND INVALID.

IN WP No 52230 OF 2003

BETWEEN

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- 1 M/S FORBES GOKAK LTD
 GOKAK MILLS DIVISION
 GOKAK FALLS
 GOKAK-591 308
 DISTRICT BELGAUM
 REPRESENTED BY ITS MANAGER-SALES
 MR.R.S.DWARAKINATH
- 2 MR PRAKASH MALLIKARJUNAPPA KOLHAR
 S/O.PRAKASH M. KOLHAR
 MAJOR
 SHAREHOLDER,
 NO.91/3, BELGAUM ROAD
 GOKAK ... PETITIONERS

(By M/S S N MURTHY & SOMASHEKAR)

AND

- THE STATE OF KARNATAKA
 DEPARTMENT OF PARLIMENTARY AFFAIRS
 AND REGISTRATION, VIDHANA SOUDHA
 BANGALORE-560 001
 REPRESENTED BY ITS CHIEF SECRETARY
- 2 THE DEPUTY ELECTRICAL INSPECTOR
 SENHA BUILDING
 BEHIND SANMATHI HOSTEL
 DHARWAD 560 001 ... RESPONDENTS

(By SRI N DINESH RAO, AGA)

THIS PETITION IS FILED UNDER ARTICLES 226 AND 227 OF THE CONSTITUTION OF INDIA, PRAYING TO QUASH THE NOTIFICATION NO.8/2003 DT. 16.10.2003 VIDE ANN-K LEVYING

ELECTRICITY TAX AT 50 Ps. PER UNIT ON THE UNITS GENERATED BY THE PETITIONER.

IN WP No 52240 OF 2003

BETWEEN

DAVANAGERE SUGAR CO LTD
HAVING ITS REGD. OFFICE
AT #73/1, P.B.NO 312
SHAMANUR ROAD
DAVANAGERE-577 004
REPRESENTED BY ITS
MANAGING DIRECTOR
SRI.S.S.GANESH S/O.
SHAMANUR SHIVASHANKARAPPA, MAJOR
RESIDENT OF DAVANAGERE

... PETITIONER

(By Sri PRABHULING K NAVADGI)

AND

- 1 THE STATE OF KARNATAKA
 BY ITS CHIEF SECRETARY
 VIDHANA SOUDHA
 BANGALORE-560 001
- 2 THE STATE OF KARNATAKA
 BY ITS SECRETARY
 DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY
 M.S. BUILDING
 DR.B.R.AMBEDKAR VEEDHI
 BANGALORE-560 001
- 3 THE DEPUTY ELECTRICAL INSPECTOR
 GOVERNMENT OF KARNATAKA
 (ELECTRICAL INSPECTORATE)
 "BAKKESHWAR MANSION"
 NO.2257/5,1ST FLOOR,
 CHURCH ROAD, MCC'A'BLOCK,
 DAVANAGERE-577 004

4 THE MANAGING DIRECTOR
KARNATAKA POWER TRANSMISSION
CORPORATION LIMITED,
CAUVERY BHAVAN
BANGALORE

... RESPONDENTS

(By SRI N DINESH RAO, AGA)

THIS PETITION IS FILED UNDER ARTICLES 226 AND 227 OF THE CONSTITUTION OF INDIA, PRAYING TO DECLARE THAT THE KARNATAKA ORDINANCE NO.8/2003 WHICH IS PRODUCED AT ANN-A IS ILLEGAL, UNCONSTITUTIONAL IN SO FAR AS THE INSERTION OF SUB-SECTION (2) TO SECTION 3 OF THE KARNATAKA TAX ON ELECTRICITY (CONSUMPTION) ACT, 1959 & ETC.

IN WP No 52242 OF 2003

BETWEEN

SHREE RENUKA SUGARS LTD
HAVING ITS REGD OFFICE
AT NO 105, HAVELOCK ROAD,
CONTONMENT, BELGAUM REP BY ITS
CHAIRPERSON VIDYA M MURKUMBI

... PETITIONER

(By Sri PRABHULING K NAVADGI)

AND

- THE STATE OF KARNATAKA
 REP BY ITS SECRETARY
 VIDHANA SOUDHA
 BANGALORE 1
- THE STATE OF KARNATAKA
 REP BY ITS SECRETARY
 DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY
 M.S. BUILDING
 DR AMBEDKAR VEEDHI
 BANGALORE 1
- 3 THE ELECTRICAL INSPECTOR BELGAUM DIVISION BELGAUM

NAGANOOR BUILDING PLOT NO CTS 3933/B-1, CLUB ROAD, BELGAUM 590 001

- 4 THE DEPUTY ELECTRICAL INSPECTOR
 GOVERNMENT OF KARNATAKA
 (ELECTRICAL INSPECTORAE)
 SNEHA BUILDING, BEHIND SAMMATI
 HOSTEL DHARWAD 580 001
- 5 THE MANAGING DIRECTOR
 KPTCL
 CAUVERY BHAVAN
 BANGALORE

RESPONDENTS

(By SRI N DINESH RAO, AGA)

THIS PETITION IS FILED UNDER ARTICLES 226 AND 227 OF THE CONSTITUTION OF INDIA, PRAYING TO DECLARE THAT THE KARNATAKA ORDINANCE NO.8/2003 VIDE ANN-A IS ILLEGAL, UNCONSTITUTIONAL IN SO FAR AS THE INSERTION OF SUBSECTION (2) TO SECTION 3 OF THE KARNATAKA TAX ON ELECTRICITY (CONSUMPTION) ACT, 1959 & ETC.

IN WP No 52309 OF 2003

BETWEEN

MARIS SPINNERS LIMITED
KATTEMALAVADI 571 134
HUNSUR
MYSORE DISTRICT
A REG.CO. INCORPORATED UNDER THE
COMPANIES ACT, 1956, REP. BY ITS
GENERAL MANAGER
R.THANGAMARIAPPAN

... PETITIONER

(By Sri N SHASHI BHUSHAN)

AND

1 THE STATE OF KARNATAKA BY ITS CHIEF SECRETARY VIDHANA SOUDHA BANGALORE 560 001

THE DEPUTY ELECTRICAL INSPECTOR
OFFICE OF THE ELECTRICAL INSEPECTORATE
MYSORE DIVISION
NO.95/B, 3RD CROSS,
1ST STAGE, GANGOTHRI EXTENSION
MYSORE 9 ... RESPONDENTS

(By SRI N DINESH RAO, AGA)

THIS PETITION IS FILED UNDER ARTICLES 226 AND 227 OF THE CONSTITUTION OF INDIA, PRAYING TO QUASH ANN.A, THE KARNATAKA ELECTRICITY (TAXATION ON CONSUMPTION) (AMENDMENT) ORDINANCE, 2003, DT.16-10-2003 PROMULGATED BY R-1, PUBLISHED IN THE KARNATAKA GAZETTE AND CONSEQUENTLY QUASH ANN.E, THE NOTICE DT.29-10-2003 ISSUED BY R-2.

IN WP No 52343 OF 2003

BETWEEN

HUTCHISON ESSAR SOUTH LTD PRESTIGE BLUE CHIP GROUND FLOOR, BLOCK I NO.9, HOSUR ROAD, BANGALORE 560 029 REP. BY ITS VICE PRESIDENT FINANCE Y.SRIMRAM

... PETITIONER

(By M/S GURURAJ & KRISHNA)

AND

- THE STATE OF KARNATAKA
 REP BY ITS CHIEF SECRETARY
 VIDHANA SOUDHA
 BANGALORE 560 001
- 2 THE STATE OF KARNATAKA REP. BY ITS PRINCIPAL SECRETARY

DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY M.S.BUILDING DR.B.R.AMBEDKAR VEEDHI BANGALORE 1

- 3 CHIEF ELECTRICAL INSPECTOR STATE OF KARNATAKA MYSUGAR BUILDING J.C.ROAD, BANGALORE 560 002
- 4 DEPUTY ELECTRICAL INSPECTOR BANGALORE SOUTH JAYANAGAR, BANGALORE 560 011

. RESPONDENTS

(By SRI N DINESH RAO, AGA)

THIS PETITION IS FILED UNDER ARTICLES 226 AND 227 OF THE CONSTITUTION OF INDIA, PRAYING TO DECLARE THAT KARNATAKA ORDINANCE NO.8/2003 (ANN.A) IS ILLEGAL, UNCONSTITUTIONAL IN SO FAR AS THE INSRTION OF SUBSECTION (2) TO SECTION (3) OF THE KARNTAKA TAXM ON ELECTRICITY CONUSUMPTION ACT, 1959.

IN WP No 52645 OF 2003

BETWEEN

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JAGDALE INDUSTRIES LIMITED
27, BULL TEMPLE ROAD, BASAVANAGUDI
BANGALORE -560 004
A COMPANY REGISTERED UNDER THE
COMPANIES ACT, 1956. REP BY ITS JOINT
MANAGING DIRECTOR
RAJESH N JAGDALE

... PETITIONER

(By SMT LAKSHMI FOR SRI Y HARIPRASAD)

AND

- 1 THE STATE OF KARNATAKA
 BY ITS CHIEF SECRETARY
 VIDHANA SOUDHA
 BANGALORE -560 001
- THE DEPUTY ELECTRICAL INSPECTOR
 # 95/B, 3RD CROSS
 GANGOTHRI LAYOUT, IST STAGE
 MYSORE

RESPONDENTS

(By SRI N DINESH RAO, AGA)

THIS PETITION IS FILED UNDER ARTICLES 226 AND 227 OF THE CONSTITUTION OF INDIA, PRAYING TO QUASH ANN.A, THE KARNATAKA ELECTRICITY (TAXATION ON CONSUMPTION) (AMENDMENT) ORDINANCE, 2003, DT.16-10-2003 PROMULGATED BY R-1 PUBLISHED IN THE KARNATAKA GAZETTE AND CONSEQUENTLY QUASH ANN.B THE NOTICE DT.NIL, ISSUED BY R-2.

IN WP No 52771 OF 2003

BETWEEN

RAMCO INDUSTRIES LIMITED REP ITS GENERAL MANAGER KARUR, RANEBENNUR HAVERI DIST

... PETITIONER

(By Sri UDAY KUMAR SINGH)

AND

- 1 THE STATE OF KARNATAKA
 BY ITS CHIEF SECRETARY
 VIDHANA SOUDHA, BANGALORE
- THE ELECTRICAL INSPECTOR
 HAVERI SUB DIVISION
 HAVERI

... RESPONDENTS

(By SRI N DINESH RAO, AGA)

THIS PETITION IS FILED UNDER ARTICLES 226 AND 227 OF THE CONSTITUTION OF INDIA, PRAYING TO QUASH ANN.A, THE KARNATAKA ELECTRICITY (TAXATINO ON CONSUMPTION) (AMENDMENT) ORDINANCE, 2003 DT.16-10-2003 PROMULGATED BY R-1, PUGLISHED IN THE KARNATAKA GAZETTE AND CONSEQUENTLY QUASH ANN.B THE BILL No.2 DT.12-11-2003 ISSUED BY R-2, IN SO FAR AS PETR. IS CONCERNED.

IN WP No 52828 OF 2003

BETWEEN

GRASIM INDUSTRIES LTD
A COMPANY REGD UNDER COMPANIES ACT 1956
HAVING ITS REGD OFFICE AT NAGDA (MF)
AND ITS TWO MANUFACTURING UNITS VIZ
HARIHAR POLYFIBERS & GRASILENE
DIVISION AT KUMARAPATNAM 581 123.
DIST HAVERI, BY ITS
ASST GENE MANAGER A G DESAI ... PETITIONER

(By Sri PRAMOD N KATHAVI & KPSD LAW HOUSE)

AND

- THE STATE OF KARNATAKA
 BY ITS CHIEF SECRETARY
 VIDHANA SOUDHA,
 DR.AMBEDKAR VEEDHI,
 BANGALORE-1.
- 2 STATE OF KARNATAKA
 DEPT OF PARLIAMENTARY
 AFFAIRS AND LEGISLATION
 VIDHANA SOUDHA,
 DR.AMBEDKAR VEEDHI, BANGALORE-1.
 BY ITS SECRETARY.
- 3 STATE OF KARNATAKA
 DEPT OF ENERGY
 VIDHANA SOUDHA,
 DR.AMBEDKAR VEEDHI,

BANGALORE-1, BY ITS SECRETARY.

- 4 THE CHIEF ELECTRICAL INSPECTOR GOVERNMENT OF KARNATAKA BANGALORE.
- 5 THE DEPUTY ELECTRICAL INSPECTOR GOVERNMENT OF KARNATAKA SNEHA BUILDING BEHIND SANMATHI HOSTEL, DHARWAD 580 001.

RESPONDENTS

(By SRI N DINESH RAO, AGA)

THIS PETITION IS FILED UNDER ARTICLES 226 AND 227 OF THE CONSTITUTION OF INDIA, PRAYING TO DECLARE THE KARNATAKA ELECTRICITY (TAXATION OF CONSUMPTION) (AMENDMENT) ORDINANCE, 2003, DT. 16.10.2003 PROMULGATED BY THE GOVERNOR OF KARNATAKA AS ULTRA VIRES THE CONSTITUTION OF INDIA, -ILLEGAL, INVALID UNENFORCEABLE AS REGARD IT RELATES TO THE LEVY OF TAX AT THE RATE OF 50 PAISE PER UNIT ON THE ELECTRICITY GENERATED AND CONSUMED BY THE PETITIONER FOR OWN USE IN SO FAR AS THE PETITIONER IS CONCERNED; AND ETC

IN WP No 52903 OF 2003

BETWEEN

MALLIKARJUNA ROLLER FLOUR MILL
GADAG
BY ITS PARTNER, SRI. GOVINDRAJ
S/O VENKATESH KUSHTAGI
64 YRS, OCC: BUSINESS
R/O PANCHAKSHARY NAGAR, GADAG
AT TQ. GADAG, DIST. GADAG ... PETITIONER

(By Sri P G MOGALI)

<u>AND</u>

- 1 THE STATE OF KARNATAKA
 DEPT. OF PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS
 & REGISTRATION
 VIDHANA SOUDHA
 BANGALORE 1
- THE DEPUTY ELECTRIAL INSPECTOR
 DHARWAR SUB-DIVISION, DHARWAR
 TQ. & DIST. DHARWAR 1
 "SNEHA BUILDING, VRINDAVANA LAYOUT
 BEHIND SANMATHIO HOSTEL
 DHARWAR RESPONDENTS

(By SRI N DINESH RAO, AGA)

THIS PETITION IS FILED UNDER ARTICLES 226 AND 227 OF THE CONSTITUTION OF INDIA, PRAYING TO QUASH THE KARNATAKA ORDINANCE NO.8/2003 DT. 16.10.2003 VIDE ANNEX.A. LEVYING ELECTRICITY TAX AT 50PS.PER UNIT ON THE UNITS GENERATED BY THE PETITIONER.

IN WP No 53352 OF 2003

BETWEEN

- MARUTHI RICE INDUSTRIES
 C.R.HALLY, CHITRADURGA TQ
 AND DISTRICT, BY ITS PARTNER
 A.N.SATHYA MURTHY
 55 YEARS,
- 2 SRI BALAJI RICE MILL
 BANGALORE ROAD
 BELLARY 583 101
 BY ITS & J.K.GOVINDANARAYAN SARDA
 42 YEARS, ... PETITIONERS

(By Sri T BASAVARAJ)

AND

- 1 THE STATE OF KARNATAKA
 BY ITS SECRETARY
 DEPARTMENT OF PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS
 AND LEGISLATION, VIDHANA SOUDHA
 BANGALORE
- 2 DEPUTY ELECTRICAL INSPECTOR OFFICE OF THE DEPUTY ELECTRICAL INSPECTOR, CHITRADURGA
- 3 THE DEPUTY ELECTRICAL INSPECTOR
 OFFICE OF THE DEPUTY ELECTRICAL
 INSPECTOR, BELLARY SUB DIVISION
 BELLARY
 ... RESPONDENTS

(By SRI N DINESH RAO, AGA)

THIS PETITION IS FILED UNDER ARTICLES 226 AND 227 OF THE CONSTITUTION OF INDIA, [ORIGINALLY NUMBERED AS WP NO 53352-53 OF 2003; NO RETAINED WP NO 53352 OF 2003; NO. DELETED WP NO 53353 OF 2003] PRAYING TO DECLARE THE NOTICES ISSUED BY R2 AND R3 VIDE ANNEX.H. AND H1 ARE ILLEGAL AND WITHOUT JURISDICTION & ETC.

IN WP No 53380 OF 2003

BETWEEN

THE SOUTH INDIA PAPER MILLS LTD
A LIMITED COMPANY HAVING ITS
REGISTERED OFFICE AT CHICKKAYANA CHATRA
NANJANGUD 57 1 301
REP. BY ITS DEPUTY GENERAL MANAGER
HUMAN RESOURCES
H.N.VASANTH KUMAR ... PETITIONER

(By SMT DHANALAKSHMI FOR NANDI LAW CHAMBERS)

AND

- 1 STATE OF KARNATAKA
 BY CHIEF SECRETARY
 VIDHANA SOUDHA
 BANGALORE 1
- 2 THE ELECTRICAL INSPECTOR
 MYSORE DIVISION
 MYSORE

RESPONDENTS

(By SRI N DINESH RAO, AGA)

THIS PETITION IS FILED UNDER ARTICLES 226 AND 227 OF THE CONSTITUTION OF INDIA, PRAYING TO QUASH AND/OR SET ASIDE THE IMPUGNED NOTICE DT. 30.10.2003 VIDE ANNEX.E. & ETC

In WP No 53381 OF 2003

BETWEEN

M/S RAMAN BOARDS LIMITED
REGD OFFICE AT MYSORE-OOTY ROAD
THANDAVAPURA - 571 325
REP BY ITS GENERAL MANAGER
(FINANCE) & COMPANY SECY
V.S. KUMAR

... PETITIONERS

(By Sri NAVKESH BATRA, NAVKESH BATRA NANDI LAW CHAMBRS)

AND

1 STATE OF KARNATAKA
BY ITS SECRETARY
VIDHANA SOUDHA
BANGALORE-560001

2 THE ELECTRICAL INSPECTOR
MYSORE DIVISION
MYSORE

... RESPONDENTS

(By SRI N DINESH RAO, AGA)

THIS PETITION IS FILED UNDER ARTICLES 226 AND 227 OF THE CONSTITUTION OF INDIA, PRAYING TO QUASH AND/OR SET ASIDE THE IMPUGNED NOTICE VIDE ANNEX.E. DT. 30.10.2003 & ETC.

IN WP No 54119 OF 2003

BETWEEN

SRI ANJANEYA COTTON MILLS LTD
A REGD COMPANY INCORPORATED UNDER THE
COMPANIES ACT 1956, OFFICE AT
JAYALAKSHMI, P.B.ROAD, DAVANGERE 577 00.
REP BY IT'S MANAGING DIRECTOR
A S KOTRAPPA ... PETITIONER

(By Sri N SHASHI BHUSHAN)

AND

- 1 THE STATE OF KARNATAKA
 BY ITS CHIEF SECRETARY
 VIDHANA SOUDHA,
 BANGALORE-1.
- THE DEPUTY ELECTRICAL INSPECTOR
 DAVANGERE SUB DIVISION
 BAKKESHWARA MANSION
 NO.2257/5, IST FLOOR
 CHURCH ROAD, MCC B BLOCK,
 DAVANGERE 577 004. ... RESPONSE

... RESPONDENTS

(By SRI N DINESH RAO, AGA)

THIS PETITION IS FILED UNDER ARTICLES 226 AND 227 OF THE CONSTITUTION OF INDIA, PRAYING TO QUASH ANNEX.A. THE

KARNATAKA ELECTRICITY (TAXATION ON CONSUMPTION) (AMENDMENT) ORDINANCE, 2003, DT. 16.10.2003 PROMULGATED BY THE FIRST RESPONDENT PUBLISHED IN THE KARNATAKA GAZETTE AND CONSEQUENTLY QUASH ANNEX.B., THE NOTICE DT. 6.11.2003 ISSUED BY R2 IN SO FAR AS THE PETITIONERS ARE CONCERNED.

IN WP No 54120 OF 2003

BETWEEN

SRI GANESAR TEXTILE MILLS LTD
A GED COMPANY INCORPORATED UNDER THE
COMPANIES ACT 1956, OFFICE AT
"JAYALAKSHMI", P B RD
DAVANGERE. R/BY ITS EXECUTIVE
DIRECTOR, KOTRAPPA A S ... PET

... PETITIONER

(By Sri N SHASHI BHUSHAN)

AND

- 1 THE STATE OF KARNATAKA
 BY ITS CHIEF SECRETARY
 VIDHANA SOUDHA
 BANGALORE
- DEPUTY ELECTRICAL INSPECTOR
 DAVANGERE SUB-DN
 "BAKKESHWARA MANSION"
 # 2257/5, IST FLOOR, CHURCH RD
 MCC B BLOCK, DAVANGERE

... RESPONDENTS

(By SRI N DINESH RAO, AGA)

THIS PETITION IS FILED UNDER ARTICLES 226 AND 227 OF THE CONSTITUTION OF INDIA, PRAYING TO QUASH ANNEX.A. THE KARNATAKA ELECTRICITY (TAXATION ON CONSUMPTION) (AMENDMENT) ORDINANCE, 2003, DT. 16.10.2003 PROMULGATED BY R1 AND CONSEQUENTLY QUASH ANNEX.B., THE NOTICE DT. 6.11.2003 ISSUED BY THE 2ND RESPONDENT IN SO FAR AS THE PETITIONERS ARE CONCERNED.

IN WP No 54121 OF 2003

BETWEEN

CAMPBELL KNITWEAR LTD
A SUBSIDIARY COMPANY OF
FORBES GOKAK LTD
A REGD COMPANY INCORPORATED UNDER
THE COMPANIES ACT, 1956,
FACTORY:POST MARIHAL 591 167
BELGAUM DIST
BY ITS MANAGER, SALES
R S DWARAKINATH PETI

.. PETITIONER

(By Sri N SHASHI BHUSHAN)

AND

- 1 THE STATE OF KARNATAKA BY ITS CHIEF SECRETARY VIDHANA SOUDHA BANGALORE
- THE DEPUTY ELECTRICAL INSPECTOR
 BELGAUM DN,
 O/O ELECTRICAL INSPECTORATE
 NAGNOOF BLDNG
 PLOT # CTS-3933/B-1
 CLUB PD, BELGAUM RESP

... RESPONDENTS

(By SRI N DINESH RAO, AGA)

THIS PETITION IS FILED UNDER ARTICLES 226 AND 227 OF THE CONSTITUTION OF INDIA, PRAYING TO QUASH ANNEX.A. THE KARNATAKA ELECTRICITY (TAXATION ON CONSUMPTION) (AMENDMENT) ORDINANCE, 2003, DT. 16.10.2003 PROMULGATED BY THE FIRST RESPONDENT AND CONSEQUENTLY QUASH ANNEX.B. THE NOTICE DT. 14.11.2003 ISSUED BY R2 IN SO FAR AS THE PETITIONERS ARE CONCERNED.

IN WP No 129 OF 2004

BETWEEN

SART SRI MURUGARAJENDRA
OIL INDUSTRY PVT LTD
PB NO 86, DAVANGERE ROAD
N H 4, CHITRADURGA
REP BY EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR
S A BHAGAVAN

.. PETITIONER

(By Sri N SHASHI BHUSHAN)

AND

- 1 THE STATE OF KARNATAKA BY ITS CHIEF SECRETARY VIDHANA SOUDHA BANGALORE
- 2 THE DEPUTY ELECTRICAL
 INSPECTOR CHITRDURGA
 SUB DIVISION,
 SARVAMANGALA NILAYA
 NEELAKANTESWARA EXTENSION
 CHITRADURGA

... RESPONDENTS

(By SRI N DINESH RAO, AGA)

THIS PETITION IS FILED UNDER ARTICLES 226 AND 227 OF THE CONSTITUTION OF INDIA, PRAYING TO QUASH VIDE ANX. A DT. 16.18.2003 BY R1, ANX. B DT. 17.12.2003 BY R2, IN SO FAR AS THE PETITIONERES ARE CONCERNED.

IN WP No 1597 OF 2004

BETWEEN

1 GOKALDAS IMAGES PVT LTD
A CO. INCORPORATED UNDER THE COS ACT,
1956 HAVING ITS REGD. OFFICE AT 7 & 12
INDUSTRIAL SUBURB, 2ND STAGE,
YESHWANTHPUR, TUMKUR ROAD
BANGALORE-22

REP. BY ITS DIRECTOR SUMIR.J.HINDUJA (BN 4477) KARTHIK ENTERPRISES

- 2 M/S CONTOUR APPARELS
 (UNIT OF GOKALDAS IMAGES
 PVT. LTD) HAVING ITS PRINCIPAL PLACE OF
 BUSINESS AT 7 & 12 INDUSTRIAL SUBURB,
 2ND STAGE, YESHWANTHPUR, TUMKUR ROAD,
 BANGALORE-22, AND REP. BY ITS DIRECTOR,
 SUMIR.J. HINDUJA (BN 4702)
- M/S INDIAN CONNECTIONS
 (UNIT OF GOKALDAS IMAGES
 PVT. LTD) HAVING ITS PRINCIPAL PLACE OF
 BUSINESS AT 7 & 12 INDUSTRIAL SUBURB,
 2ND STAGE, YESHWANTHPUR, TUMKUR ROAD,
 BANGALORE-22, AND REP. BY ITS DIRECTOR,
 SUMIR.J.HINDUJA (BN 3358)
- 4 M/S DESIGNER SUITS
 (UNIT OF GOKALDAS IMAGES
 PVT. LTD) HAVING ITS PRINCIPAL PLACE OF
 BUSINESS AT 7 & 12 INDUSTRIAL SUBURB,
 2ND STAGE, YESHWANTHPUR, TUMKUR ROAD,
 BANGALORE-22, AND REP. BY ITS DIRECTOR,
 SUMIR.J.HINDUJA (BN 5131 & BN 5132)
- 5 M/S GOKALDAS INTIMATE WEAR PVT LTD
 HAVING ITS PRINCIPAL PLACE OF
 BUSINESS AT 7 & 12 INDUSTRIAL SUBURB,
 2ND STAGE, YESHWANTHPUR, TUMKUR ROAD,
 BANGALORE-22, AND REP. BY ITS DIRECTOR,
 SUMIR J. HINDUJA (BN 2619)
- 6 M/S GARMENT IMPEX
 HAVING ITS PRINCIPAL PLACE OF
 BUSINESS AT 7 & 12 INDUSTRIAL SUBURB,
 2ND STAGE, YESHWANTHPUR, TUMKUR ROAD,
 BANGALORE-22, AND REP. BY ITS AUTHORISED
 SIGNATORY SUMIR.J.HINDUJA (BN 5149 &
 BN 5150)
- 7 M/S PERSONALITY LIMITED HAVING ITS PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS AT 123, CHORD ROAD, RAJAJINAGAR

- BANGALORE-10, AND REP. BY ITS DIRECTOR MR. SUMIR.J.HINDUJA (BN 5148)
- 8 M/S PROFESSIONAL CLOTHING
 HAVING ITS PRINCIPAL PLACE OF
 BUSINESS AT 7 & 12 INDUSTRIAL SUBURB,
 2ND STAGE, YESHWANTHPUR, TUMKUR ROAD,
 BANGALORE-22, AND REP. BY ITS AUTHORISED
 SIGNATORY SUMIR.J.HINDUJA (BN 2353 &
 BN 3828)
- 9 M/S PERFORMANCE CLOTHING
 HAVING ITS PRINCIPAL PLACE OF
 BUSINESS AT 7 & 12 INDUSTRIAL SUBURB,
 2ND STAGE, YESHWANTHPUR, TUMKUR ROAD,
 BANGALORE-22, AND REP. BY ITS PARTNER
 SUMIR.J.HINDUJA (BN 1339 & BN 5152)
- M/S HI IMAGES PVT LTD
 HAVING ITS PRINCIPAL PLACE OF
 BUSINESS AT 7 & 12 INDUSTRIAL SUBURB,
 2ND STAGE, YESHWANTHPUR, TUMKUR ROAD,
 BANGALORE-22, AND REP. BY ITS DIRECTOR,
 SUMIR.J.HINDUJA (BN 2335, BN 5648,
 BN 1189)
- 11 M/S DENIM WORKS (I)
 (UNIT OF GOKALDAS IMAGES PVT
 LTD) HAVING ITS PRINCIPAL PLACE OF
 BUSINESS AT 7 & 12 INDUSTRIAL SUBURB,
 2ND STAGE, YESHWANTHPUR, TUMKUR ROAD,
 BANGALORE-22, AND REP. BY ITS DIRECTOR,
 SUMIR.J.HINDUJA (BN 6238)
- M/S CATALOGUE CLOTHING CO LTD
 HAVING ITS PRINCIPAL PLACE OF
 BUSINESS AT NEW BEL ROAD, BANGALORE
 AND REP. BY ITS AUTHORISED SIGANTORY
 MR.SUMIR.J.HINDUJA (BN 4714)

- M/S SRI VENKATESHWARA GARMENTS
 HAVING ITS PRINCIPAL PLACE OF
 BUSINESS AT 7 & 12 INDUSTRIAL SUBURB,
 2ND STAGE, YESHWANTHPUR, TUMKUR ROAD,
 BANGALORE-22, AND REP. BY ITS PROPRIETOR
 SUMIR.J.HINDUJA (BN 2171 & BN 2419)
- M/S GOKALDAS WEIL PVT LTD
 HAVING ITS PRINCIPAL PLACE OF
 BUSINESS AT 7 & 12 INDUSTRIAL SUBURB,
 2ND STAGE, YESHWANTHFUR, TUMKUR ROAD,
 BANGALORE-22, AND REP. BY ITS DIRECTOR
 SUMIR.J.HINDUJA (BN 2698 & EN 4537)
- M/S OUTDOOR CLOTHING CO
 (UNIT OF PERSONALITY LTD)
 HAVING ITS PRINCIPAL PLACE OF
 BUSINESS AT 123, CHORD ROAD,
 RAJAJINAGAR, BANGALORE-10, AND
 REP. BY ITS DIRECTOR,
 MR.SUMIR.J.HINDUJA,(BN 5392)
- M/S GOKALDAS APPARELS PVT LTD
 HAVING ITS PRINCIPAL PLACE OF
 BUSINESS AT 7 & 12 INDUSTRIAL SUBURB,
 2ND STAGE, YESHWANTHPUR, TUMKUR ROAD,
 BANGALORE-22, AND REP. BY ITS AUTHORISED
 SIGNATORY SUMIR.J. HINDUJA (BN 3606)
- 17 CATALOGUE CLOTHING COMPANY LTD PEENYA HAVING ITS PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS AT 7 & 12 INDUSTRIAL SUBURB, 2ND STAGE, YESHWANTHPUR, TUMKUR ROAD, BANGALORE-22, AND REP. BY ITS AUTHORISED SIGNATORY SUMIR.J.HINDUJA (BN 2619)
- GOKALDAS IMAGES LTD MATTIKERE
 HAVING ITS PRINCIPAL PLACE OF
 BUSINESS AT 7 & 12 INDUSTRIAL SUBURB,
 2ND STAGE, YESHWANTHPUR, TUMKUR ROAD,
 BANGALORE-22, AND REP. BY ITS DIRECTOR
 SUMIR.J.HINDUJA (BN 1976 & BN 4215)
- 19 HI-IMAGE YESHWANTPUR HAVING ITS PRINCIPAL PLACE OF

BUSINESS AT 7 & 12 INDUSTRIAL SUBURB, 2ND STAGE, YESHWANTHPUR, TUMKUR ROAD, BANGALORE-22, AND REP. BY ITS PARTNER SUMIR.J.HINDUJA (BN 1245)

- DESIGNER SUITS II (GODOWN)
 PEENYA I STAGE (UNIT OF
 GOKALDAS IMAGES PVT LTD) HAVING ITS
 REGD. OFFICE AT 7 & 12 INDUSTRIAL SUBURB
 2ND STAGE, YESHWANTHPUR, TUMKUR ROAD,
 BANGALORE-22, AND REP. BY ITS PARTNER
 SUMIR, J. HINDUJA (BN 5832)
- 21 ENGLISH BLAZER
 (UNIT OF GOKALDAS IMAGES PVT LTD
 HAVING ITS REGD. OFFICE AT
 7 & 12 INDUSTRIAL SUBURB
 2ND STAGE, YESHWANTHPUR, TUMKUR ROAD,
 BANGALORE-22, AND REP. BY ITS DIRECTOR
 SUMIR.J.HINDUJA
 (BN 4293 & BN 4294) ... PETITIONERS

(By M/s MAHESH AND COMPANY BHUVAN & COMPANY)

AND

- THE STATE OF KARNATAKA
 DEPT. OF ENERGY
 DR. AMBEDKAR VEEDHI,
 BANGALORE-1
- 2 THE CHIEF ELECTRICAL INSPECTOR GOVT. OF KARNATAKA, MYSURGAR BUILDING, J.C.ROAD, BANGALORE-2
- 3 THE DEPUTY ELECTRICAL INSPECTOR
 BANGALORE NORTH, 678C, SUDHA
 COMMERCIAL CENTER, RAJAJINGAR ENTRANCE
 BANGALORE-10

- 4 THE DEPUTY ELECTRICAL INSPECTOR CENTRAL SUB-DIVISION NEAR ULSOOR TANK, M.A.ROAD, BANGALORE-42
- 5 THE ELECTRICAL INSPECTOR
 BANGALORE NORTH SUB-DIVISION,
 63, 5TH CROSS, MAHAKAVI KUVEMPU ROAD,
 MALLESHWARAM, BANGALORE-42
- 6 THE DEPUTY ELECTRICAL INSPECTOR
 BANGALORE RURAL SOUTH
 IST FLOOR, PTK COMPLEX,
 NO.460/2, 8TH B MAIN ROAD,
 4TH BLOCK JAYANAGAR, BANGALORE-11
- 7 THE DEPUTY ELECTRICAL INSPECTOR
 BANGALORE RURAL WEST,
 84, MANISH TOWERS,
 E-1, 4TH FLOOR, J.C.ROAD,
 BANGALORE-2 ... RESPONDENTS

(By SRI N DINESH RAO, AGA)

THIS PETITION IS FILED UNDER ARTICLES 226 AND 227 OF THE CONSTITUTION OF INDIA, [ORIGINALLY NUMBERED AS WP NO 1597-1617 OF 2004; NO RETAINED WP NO 1597 OF 2004; NO. DELETED WP NO 1598-1617 OF 2004] PRAYING TO DECLARE THE KARNATAKA ELECTRICITY (TAXATION ON CONSUMPTION) (AMENDMENT) ORDINANCE, 2003 (KARNATAKA ORDINANCE No.8 OF 2003), DT 16-10-2003 ANN.A, PROMULGATED BY THE GOVT. OF KARNATAKA AS ULTRA VIRES THE CONSTITUTION OF INDIA, ILLEGAL, INVALID AND UNENFORCEABLE IN SO FAR AS PETR. IS CONCERNED.

IN WP No 1873 OF 2004

<u>Between</u>

GANESHANUGRAHA FERTILIZERS AND CHEMICALS PVT LTD PLOT NO.258, KIADB INDUSTRIAL ESTATE BELUR, DHARWAD 580 011 REP. BY ITS CHAIRMAN S.M. SADALAGE

... PETITIONER

(By M/s V M SHEELAVANT & J BASAVARAJ)

AND

- THE STATE OF KARNATAKA
 BY ITS CHIEF SECRETARY
 VIDHANA SOUDHA
 DR. AMBEDKAR VEEDHI
 BANGALORE 560 001
- 2 STATE OF KARNATAKA
 DEPARTMENT OF PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS
 AND LEGISLATION, VIDHANA SOUDHA
 DR. AMBEDKAR VEEDHI
 BANGALORE 560 001
 BY ITS SECRETARY
- 3 STATE OF KARNATAKA
 DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY
 AFFAIRS AND LEGISLATION
 VIDHANA SOUDHA, DR. AMBEDKAR VEEDHI
 BANGALORE 560 001
 BY ITS SECRETARY
- 4 THE CHIEF ELECTRICAL INSPECTOR GOVERNMENT OF KARNTAKA BANGALORE
- THE DEPUTY ELECTRICAL INSPECTOR
 GOVERNMENT OF KARNATAKA
 OFFICE OF DEPUTY ELECTRICAL INSPECTOR
 "SNEHA" BUILDING, VRUNDAVANA LAYOUT
 BEHIND SANMATI HOTEL
 DHARWAD-1 ... RESPONDENTS

(By SRI N DINESH RAO, AGA)

THIS PETITION IS FILED UNDER ARTICLES 226 AND 227 OF THE CONSTITUTION OF INDIA, PRAYING TO DECLARE THE KARNATAKA ELECTRICITY (TAXATION ON CONSUMPTION)

(AMENDMENT) ORDINANCE, 2003 (KARNATAKA ORDINANCE NO.8/2003) PROMULGATED BY THE GOVERNOR OF KARNATAKA AS ULTRA VIRES THE CONSTITUTION OF INDIA, ILLEGAL, INVALID AND UNENFORCEABLE AS REGARD IT RELATES TO THE LEVY OF TAX AT THE RATE OF 50 PAISE FOR OWN USE IN SO FAR AS THE PETITIONER IS CONCERNED & ETC.

IN WP No 3097 OF 2004

BETWEEN

M/S STRIDES ARCOLAB LTD
HAVING ITS REGD. OFFICE
AT BILEKAHALLI,
BANNERGHATTA RAOD,
BANGALORE 560 078, AND REP. BY
ITS COMPANY SECY
S SUBRAMANIAM

... PETITIONER

(By M/S MAHESH AND CO & BHUVAN & CO)

AND

- 1 THE STATE OF KARNATAKA DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY DR. AMBEDKAR VEEDHI, BANGALORE 1.
- THE CHIEF ELECTRICAL INSPECTOR
 GOVT. OF KARNATAKA,
 MYSURGAR BLDG, J C ROAD,
 BANGALORE 2
- 3 THE DY ELECTRICAL INSPECTOR BANGALORE SOUTH,
 1ST FLOOR, PTK COMPLEX,
 NO.460/2, 8TH B MAIN ROAD,
 4TH BLOCK JAYANAGAR,
 BANGALORE 11.

... RESPONDENTS

(By SRI N DINESH RAO, AGA)

THIS PETITION IS FILED UNDER ARTICLES 226 AND 227 OF THE CONSTITUTION OF INDIA, PRAYING TO DECLARE THE KARNATAKA ELECTRICITY (TAXATION ON CONSUMPTION) (AMENDMENT) ORDINANCE, 2003 (KARNATAKA ORDINANCE NO. 8 OF 2003), BEARING NO. DPAL 54 SHASANA 2003 DT. 16.10.03 (ANX. A) PROMULGATED BY THE GOVT. OF INDIA, ILLEGAL, INVALID AND UNENFORCEABLE IN SO FAR AS THE PETITIONER IS CONCERNED AND ETC.

IN WP No 3174 OF 2004

BETWEEN

- M/S NESTLE INDIA LIMITED
 P.B.NO.24, INDUSTRIAL AREA
 NANJANGUD 571 301
 REP.BY ITS FACTORY CONTROLLER
 SANDEEP GOYAL,
 R/AT FACTORY COMPOUND
 NESTLE INDIA LTD.,
 P.B.NO.24, IND.AREA
 NANJANGUD 570002
- 2 RAJESH PASSI
 AGED ABOUT 43 YEARS
 S/O.SRI.KISHAN LAL PASSI
 ENGINEERING MANAGER & SHAREHOLDER
 OF M/S.NESTLE INDIA LTD., FACTORY
 COMPOUND, NESTLE INDIA LTD.,
 P.B.NO.24
 INDUSTRIAL AREA
 NANJANGUD 571 301 ... PETITIONER

(By M/S S N MURTHY ASSOCIATES)

AND

THE STATE OF KARNATAKA
DEPT.OF PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS
AND REGISTRATION, VIDHANA SOUDHA
BLORE-01, REP.BY ITS CHIEF SECRETARY

2 THE ELECTRICAL INSPECTORATE
GOVT OF KARNATAKA
NO.95/B, 3RD CROSS,
IST STAGE, GANGOTHRI EXTENSION
MYSORE 570009

... RESPONDENTS

(By SRI N DINESH RAO, AGA)

THIS PETITION IS FILED UNDER ARTICLES 226 AND 227 OF THE CONSTITUTION OF INDIA, PRAYING TO QUASH THE ORDINANCE DT.16-10-2003 VIDE ANN.A. LEVYING ELECTRICITY TAX AT 50 Ps. PER UNIT ON THE UNITS GENERATED BY THE PETRS., IN SO FAR AS THE PETRS. ARE CONCERNED.

IN WP No 3326 OF 2004

BETWEEN

- 1 APP POULTRY FARM
 KATTIGENAHALLI VILLAGE,
 HOSKOTE TQ.
 REP. BY ITS MANAGER
 RAGHAVAIAH
- 2 GOVERNER POULTRY FARM DEVAGOLLANAHALLI, JADIGENAHALLI HOBLI, HOSKOTE TQ. REP. BY ITS MANAGER RAGHAVAIAH
- 3 HONEY POULTRY FARM
 NEAR BHAKTARAHALLI,
 NADUVATHI P.O.,
 HOSKOTE TQ.
 REP. BY ITS MANAGER
 RAGHAVAIAH
- 4 M/S BHARAT POULTRY FARM
 PICCHAGUNTRAHALLI VILLAGE,
 MALUR TQ., KOLAR DIST.
 REP. BY ITS MANAGER
 RAGHAVAIAH

5 R M POULTRY FARM
KOLAR ROAD,
RAMENAHALLI VILLAGE,
MALUR TQ. REP. BY ITS MANAGER
BHAKTAVATSALA.A.N

... PETITIONERS

(By M/S K M NATARAJ & K S N KARANTH)

<u>AND</u>

- 1 THE STATE OF KARNATAKA REP BY ITS SECRETARY DEPT. OF ENERGY VIDHANA SOUDHA BANGALORE-1
- 2 THE CHIEF ELECTRICAL INSPECTOR GOVERNMENT OF KARNATAKA, MYSUGAR BUILDING, J.C.ROAD, BANGALORE-2
- 3 THE DEPUTY ELECTRICAL INSPECTOR BANGALORE, EAST SUB-DIVISION, NO.16, M.A.ROAD (TANK ROAD) NEAR ULSOOR LAKE, BANGALORE-42
- 4 THE DEPUTY ELECTRICAL INSPECTOR
 NEW EXTENSION,
 KOLAR ... RESPONDENTS

(By SRI N DINESH RAO, AGA)

THIS PETITION IS FILED UNDER ARTICLES 226 AND 227 OF THE CONSTITUTION OF INDIA, [ORIGINALLY NUMBERED AS WP NO 3326-30 OF 2004; NO RETAINED WP NO 3326 OF 2004; NO. DELETED WP NO 3327-30 OF 2004] PRAYING TO DECLARE THAT THE KARNATAKA ELECTRICITY (TAXATION ON CONSUMPTION) (AMENDMENT) ORDINANCE, 2003 (KARNATAKA ORDINANCE NO. 8 OF 2003) VIDE ANX. A PROMULGATED BY TEH GOVERNOR OF KARNATAKA AS ULTRA VIRES THE CONSTITUTION OF INDIA,

ILLEGAL, INVALID AND UNENFORCEABLE IN SO FAR AS THE PETITIONERES ARE CONCERNED AND ETC.

IN WP No 3822 OF 2004

<u>BETWEEN</u>

- M/S KADAMANE ESTATES CO
 A PARTNERSHIP FIRM REGD UNDER
 THE INDIAN PARTNERSHIP ACT, 1932,
 HAVING ITS OFFICE AT KADAMANE ESTATE
 KADAMANE P.O., SAKLESHPUP TQ
 HASSAN 573 127, REP.BY ITS DEPUTY
 GENERAL MANAGER N NATARAJAN
- 2 KARNATAKA PLANTER'S ASSOCIATION
 A SOCIETY REGSTD UNDER THE
 KARNATAKA SOCIETIES REGISTRATION
 ACT, 1960, HAVING ITS OFFICE AT
 B.M.ROAD, P.B.NO.18, CHICKMAGALUR
 CHICKMAGALUR 577 101, REP.BY ITS
 SECRETARY, VIJAY KARNAD ... PETITIONERS

(By Sri P B APPAIAH)

AND

- 1 GOVT OF KARNATAKA
 DEPT OF PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS &
 LEGISLATION, VIDHANA SOUDHA
 DR.B.R.AMBEDKAR VEEDHI
 BLORE-01, REP.BY ITS SECRETARY
- 2 GOVERNMENT OF KARNATAKA
 ENERGY DEPARTMENT
 KARNATAKA GOVERNMENT SECRETARIAT
 M.S.BUILDINGS, DR.B.R.AMBEDKAR
 VEEDHI, BANGALORE-560 001
 REP.BY ITS SECRETARY
- 3 THE CHIEF ELECTRICAL INSPECTOR
 GOVT OF KARNATAKA
 ENERGY DEPARTMENT
 KARNATAKA GOVT SECRETARIAT

M S BUILDING DR B R AMBEDKAR VEEDHI BANGALORE-1

4 DEPUTY ELECTRICAL INSPECTOR
GOVERNMENT ELECTRICAL INSPECTORATE
NO.180/25, KASTURBA ROAD
IST CROSS, HASSAN 573 201 ... RESPONDENTS

(By SRI N DINESH RAO, AGA)

THIS PETITION IS FILED UNDER ARTICLES 226 AND 227 OF THE CONSTITUTION OF INDIA, [ORIGINALLY NUMBERED AS WP NO 3822-23 OF 2004; NO RETAINED WP NO 3822 OF 2004; NO. DELETED WP NO 3823 OF 2004] PRAYING TO DECLARE THAT THE IMPUGNED KARNATAKA ELECTRICITY (TAXATION ON CONSUMPTION) (AMENDMENT) ORDINANCE, 2003 (KARNATAKA ORDINANCE No.8/2003) PROMULGATED BY R-1 AND PUBLISHED IN ITS NOTIFICATION DT.16-10-2003 VIDE ANN.A IS ULTRA VIRES THE CONSTITUTION AND THE PROVISIONS OF THE KARNATAKA ELECTRICITY (TAXATION ON CONSUMPTION) ACT, 1959 AND HENCE ILLEGAL AND VOID AND ETC.

IN WP No 5760 OF 2004

BETWEEN

1 ASHIRVAD FIPES PVT LTD 4-B, ATTIBELE INDUSTRIAL AREA HOSUR ROAD, BANGALORE BY DIRECTOR DEEPAK PODDAR

... PETITIONER

(By M/S PRAMOD N KATHAVI & KPSD LAW HOUSE)

AND

1 THE STATE OF KARNATAKA
VIDHANA SOUDHA
DR AMBEDKAR VEEDHI
BANGALORE
BY ITS CHIEF SECRETARY

- 2 STATE OF KARNATAKA
 DEPT OF PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS AND
 LEGISLATION, VIDHANA SOUDHA
 DR AMBEDKAR VEEDHI
 BANGALORE
 BY ITS SECRETARY
- 3 STATE OF KARNATKAA
 DEPT OF ENERGY
 VIDHANA SOUDHA
 DR AMBEDKAR VEEDHI
 BANGALORE
 BY ITS SECRETARY
- 4 THE CHIEF ELECTRICAL INSPECTOR GOVT OF KARNATAKA
 MYSUGAR BUILDING
 JC ROAD, BANGALORE

... RESPONDENTS

(By SRI N DINESH RAO, AGA)

THIS PETITION IS FILED UNDER ARTICLES 226 AND 227 OF THE CONSTITUTION OF INDIA, PRAYING TO DECLARE THE KARNATAKA ELECTRICITY (TAXATION AND CONSUMPTION (AMENDMENT) ORDINANCE, 2003, DT. 16.10.2003 PROMULGATED BY THE GOVERNOR OF KARNATAKA AS ULTRA VIRES THE ILLEGAL, OF INDIA, INVALID AND CONSTITUTION UNENFORCEABLE IN SO FAR AS THE PETITIONER CONCERNED.

IN WP No 8585 OF 2004

BETWEEN

M/S THE MYSORE PLANTATIONS LIMITED
HAVINT ITS OFFICE AT QUARD
HITLOW ESTATE, POST BOX
NO.112, KOPPA P.O.,
CHICKAMAGALUR DIST. 577 126,
REP. BY ITS MANAGER,
M PREM KUMAR. ... PETITIONER

(By Sri P B APPAIAH)

AND

- OVERNMENT OF KARNATAKA
 DEPT. OF PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS
 AND LEGISLATION,
 VIDHANA SOUDHA,
 B R AMBEDKAR VEEDHI,
 BANGALORE 1
 REP. BY ITS SECY.,
- 2 GOVERNMENT OF KARNATAKA
 ENERGY DEPT.,
 KARNATAKA GOVERNMENT SECRETARIAT,
 M & BLDG.,
 B R AMBEDKAR VEEDHI,
 BANGALORE 1
 REP. BY ITS SECY.,
- 3 THE CHIEF ELECTRICAL INSPECTOR
 GOVT. OF KARNATAKA,
 ENERGY DEPT.,
 KARNATAKA GOVT SECRETARIAT,
 M S BLDG.,
 B R AMBEDKAR VEEDHI,
 BANGALORE 1
- 4 THE DY ELECTRICAL INSPECTOR
 COVT., ELECTRICAL INSPECTORATE
 NO.3011,, NES OFFICE ROAD,
 VIJAYAPURA EXTENSION,
 CHICKAMAGALUR 577 101

... RESPONDENTS

(By SRI N DINESH RAO, AGA)

THIS PETITION IS FILED UNDER ARTICLES 226 AND 227 OF THE CONSTITUTION OF INDIA, PRAYING TO DECLARE THAT THE IMPUGNED KARNATAKA ELECTRICITY (TAXATION ON CONSUMPTION) (AMENDMENT) ORDINANCE, 2004 (KARNATAKA ORDINANCE NO.8/2004) PROMULGATED BY R1 IS ULTRA VIRES THE CONSTITUTION OF INDIA AND HENCE, ILLEGAL AND VOID, SO FAR AS PETR. IS CONCERNED AND ETC.

IN WP No 11813 OF 2004

BETWEEN

M/S DEVON PLANTATIONS
AND INDUSTRIES LTD
A COMPANY INCORPORATED UNDER THE
COMPANIES ACT, 1956, HAVING ITS OFFICE
AT DEVON ESTATES, P.B.NO.14, KOPPA
PO PIN 577 126, CHICKMAGALUR DIST
REP. BY ITS SENIOR MANAGER
MR.M.C.SOMANNA ... PETITIONER

(By Sri P B APPAIAH)

AND

- 1 GOVERNMENT OF KARNATAKA
 DEPARTMENT OF PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS
 AND LEGISLATION, VIDHANA SOUDHA
 DR.B.R.AMBEDKAR VEEDHI, BANGALORE 1
 REP. BY ITS SECRETARY
- 2 GOVERNMENT OF KARNATAKA
 ENERGY DEFARTMENT
 KARNATAKA GOVT SECRETARIAT, M.S.BLDG
 DR.B.P.AMBEDKAR VEEDHI, BANGALORE 1
 REP. BY IT'S SECRETARY
- 3 CHIEF ELECTRICAL INSPECTOR
 GOVT OF KARNATAKA
 ENERGY DEPARTMENT
 KARNATAKA GOVT SECRETARIAT, M.S.BLDG
 DR.B.R.AMBEDKAR VEEDHI,
 BANGALORE 1
 REP. BY ITS SECRETARY
- THE DEPUTY ELECTRICAL INSPECTOR
 GOVERNMENT ELECTRICAL INSPECTORATE
 NO.3011, N.E.S.OFFICE ROAD,
 VIJAYAPURA EXTENSION
 CHICKMAGALUR 577 101 ... RESPONDENTS

(By SRI N DINESH RAO, AGA)

THIS PETITION IS FILED UNDER ARTICLES 226 AND 227 OF THE CONSTITUTION OF INDIA, PRAYING TO DECLARE THAT THE IMPUGNED KARANTAKA ELECTRICITY (TAXATION ON CONSUMPTION) (AMENDMENT) ACT, 2004 (KARNATAKA ACT No.5/2004) PROMULGATED BY R-1 VIDE ANN.A IS ULTRA VIRES THE CONSTITUTION OF INDIA AND HENCE ILLEGAL AND VOID AND ETC.

IN WP No 50441 OF 2003

BETWEEN

RAITARA SAHAKARI
NOOLINA GIRANI NIYAMITA
HANUMANAMATTI 581135
RANEBENNUR TALUK,
HAVERI DISTRICT
A SOCIETY REGISTERED UNDER THE
CO.OP SOCIETIES ACT,
REP. BY ITS M.D.,
SHAMRAO ARALI SURYAKANTHA

... PETITIONER

(By Sri N SHASHI BHUSHAN)

<u>AND</u>

- 1 THE STATE OF KARNATAKA BY ITS CHIEF SECRETARY VIDHANA SOUDHA BANGALORE 1
- 2 ELECTRICAL INSPECTORATE
 SNEHA BUILDING, BRINDAVAN LAYOUT
 BEHIND SANMATHI HOSTEL
 DHARWAD ... RESPONDENTS

(By SRI N DINESH RAO, AGA)

THIS PETITION IS FILED UNDER ARTICLES 226 AND 227 OF THE CONSTITUTION OF INDIA, PRAYING TO QUASH VIDE ANN-A THE KARNATAKA ELECTRICITY (TAXATION ON CONSUMPTION) (AMENDMENT) ORDINANCE, 2003, DT. 16.10.2003 PROMULGATED BY R1 PUBLISHED IN THE KARNATAKA GAZETTE AND

CONSEQUENTLY QUASH ANN-B THE NOTICE DT.30.10.2003 VIDE ANN-B BY R2.

IN WP No 51857 OF 2003

BETWEEN

LAPP INDIA PRIVATE LIMITED
PLOT NO.98 J & K
JIGANI INDUSTRIAL AREA
PHASE II, ANEKAL TALUK
BANGALORE 562 106
REP. BY ITS MANAGING DIRECTOR,
COMPANY SECRETARY AND
AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVE

... PETITIONER

(By M/S ANANT MANDGI & UJWALA A MANDGI)

<u>AND</u>

- 1 STATE OF KARNATAKA
 DEPARTMENT OF PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS
 AND REGISTRATION, VIDHANA SOUDHA
 BANGALORE 560 001
 REPRESENTED BY ITS CHIEF SECRETARY
- THE CHIEF ELECTRICAL INSPECTOR
 BANGALORE SOUTH SUB DIVISION
 NO.460/2M 8TH B MAIN ROAD
 P.T.K. COMPLEX, 4TH BLOCK
 JAYANAGAR,
 BANGALORE 560 011

... RESPONDENTS

(By SRI N DINESH RAO, AGA)

THIS PETITION IS FILED UNDER ARTICLES 226 AND 227 OF THE CONSTITUTION OF INDIA, PRAYING TO QUASH THE ORDIANCE BEARING NO.8/2003 DT.16.10.2003 VIDE ANN.A LEVYING 50 PAISE AS TAX ON THE ELECTRICITY GENERATED BY THE PETITIONER.

IN WP No 8587 OF 2004

BETWEEN

M/S BALANOOR PLANTATIONS
AND INDUSTRIES LTD
HAVING ITS OFFICE AT BALANOOR
& YELAMADLU ESTATES
DURGADBETTA P.O.
CHICKMAGALUR DIST
PIN - 577 118
REP BY ITS DEPUTY GENERAL
MANAGER, P JEEVAN BELLIAPPA

. PETITIONER

(By Sri P B APPAIAH)

AND

- 1 GOVERNMENT OF KARNATAKA
 DEPARTMENT OF PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS
 AND LEGISLATION, VIDHANA SOUDHA
 DR. B.R. AMBEDKAR VEEDHI
 BANGALORE-01
 REP BY ITS SECRETARY
- 2 GOVERNMENT OF KARNATAKA
 ENERGY DEPARTMENT
 KARNATAKA GOVERNMENT SECRETATRIAT
 M.S. BUILDINGS
 DR. B.R. AMBEDKAR VEEDHI
 BANGALORE-01
 REP BY ITS SECY
- THE CHIEF ELECTRICAL INSPECTOR
 GOVERNMENT OF KARNATKA, ENERGY DEPT
 KARNATAKA GOVERNMENT SECRETARIAT
 M.S. BUILDINGS
 DR. B.R. AMBEDKAR VEEDHI
 BANGALORE-01

4 THE DEPUTY ELECTRICAL INSPECTOR
GOVERNMENT ELECTRICAL INSPECTORATE
NO.3011, N.E.S. OFFICE ROAD
VIJAYAPURA EXTN
CHICKMAGALUR - 577 101 ... RESPONDENTS

(By SRI N DINESH RAO, AGA)

THIS PETITION IS FILED UNDER ARTICLES 226 AND 227 OF THE CONSTITUTION OF INDIA, PRAYING TO DECLARE THAT THE IMPUGNED KARNATAKA ELECTRICITY (TAXATION ON CONSUMPTION) (AMENDMENT) ACT, 2004 (KARNATAKA ACT NO.5/2004) PROMULGATED BY R1 IS ULTRA VIRES THE CONSTITUTION OF INDIA AND HENCE, ILLEGAL AND VOID AND ETC.

IN WP No 20453 OF 2004

BETWEEN

M/S BHARATHI MOBILE LIMITED DIVYASHREE CHAMBERS BANNERGHATTA ROAD BANGALORE REP BY ITS P.A. HOLDER S NAGARAJ

... PETITIONER

(By Sri D R RAVISHANKAR FOR M/S LEX NEXUS)

AND

- 1 STATE OF KARNATAKA
 REP BY ITS CHIEF SECRETARY
 VIDHANA SOUDHA
 DR B.R. AMBEDKAR VEEDHI ROAD,
 BANGALORE 1
- 2 STATE OF KARNTAKA
 REP BY ITS PRINCIPAL SECRETARY
 DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY
 M.S. BUILDING
 DR B.R. AMBEDKAR VEEDHI
 BANGALORE 1

- 3 CHIEF ELECTRICAL INSPECTOR STATE OF KARANTAKA J.C. ROAD BANGALORE 2
- 4 DEPUTY ELECTRICAL INSPECOTR BANGALORE SOUTH JAYANAGAR BANGALORE 111

. RESPONDENTS

(By SRI N DINESH RAO, AGA)

THIS PETITION IS FILED UNDER ARTICLES 226 AND 227 OF THE CONSTITUTION OF INDIA, PRAYING TO DECLARE THAT THE WORD "CONSUMER" AS DEFINED UNDER SECTION 2(1) OF KARNATAKA ACT NO.14 OF 1959 IN SO FAR AS IT IS INCONSISTENT WITH SECTION 2(c) OF THE INDIAN ELECTRICITY ACT, 1910 AS UNCONSTITUTIONAL AND ULTRAVIRES THE LEGISLATIVE COMPETENCE OF THE STATE LEGISLATURE AND ETC.

IN WP No 42632 OF 2004

BETWEEN

M/S KANORIA INDUSTRIES LIMITED BAGALKOT CEMENT DIVISION AIR INDIA BUILDING 14TH FLOOR, NARIMAN POINT MUMBAI 400 021, HAVING ITS UNIT AT BAGALKOT, KARNATAKA, BY ITS DIRECTOR, M L DAGA

... PETITIONER

(By M/S PRAMOD N KATHAVI KPSD PARTNERS)

AND

1 STATE OF KARNATAKA
DEP OF FINANCE
M S BUILDING, DR AMBEDKAR VEEDHI
BANGALORE 560 001
BY ITS SECRETARY

- 2 THE STATE OF KARNATAKA
 DEPT OF ENERGY
 M S BUILDING
 DR AMBEDKAR VEEDHI
 BANGALORE 560 001
- 3 THE CHEIF ELECTRICAL INSPECTOR GOVT OF KARNATAKA K R CIRCLE BANGALORE 560 001
- 4 THE DEPUTY CHIEF
 ELECTRICAL INSPECTOR
 GOVT OF KARNATAKA
 SNEH BUILDING
 BEHIND SANMATI HOTEL
 DHARWAD 580 001
 KARNATAKA STATE
- 5 THE ELECTRICAL INSPECTOR
 BIJAPUR DIVISION
 BIJAPUR 586101
 KARNATAKA
- 6 THE DEPUTY ELECTRICAL INSPECTOR
 HAVARAGI COMPLEX
 SHANTINAGAR
 BAGALKOT 587 101
- 7 UNION OF INDIA
 MINISTRY OF FINANCE
 DEPT OF ECONOMIC AFFAIRS
 NEW DELHI 110 001
- 8 BOARD FOR INDUSTRIAL & FINANCIAL
 RECONSTRUCTION, JAWAHAR VYAPUR BHAVAN
 NO.1, TOLSTOY MARG
 NEW DELHI 110 001
 BY ITS REGISTRAR

9 STATE OF KARNATAKA
DEPT OF PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS &
LEGISLATION, VIDHANA SOUDHA
DR AMBEDKAR VEEDHI
BANGALORE 560 001
BY ITS SECRETARY

... RESPONDENTS

(By SRI N DINESH RAO, AGA)

THIS PETITION IS FILED UNDER ARTICLES 226 AND 227 OF THE CONSTITUTION OF INDIA, PRAYING TO QUASH THE DEMAND DT. 10.0.04 VIDE ANN.A, LETTER DT. 12.3.04 VIDE ANN.A1 BY HOLDING THAT THE SAME IS WHOLLY ILLEGAL, ARBITRARY, UNJUST, UNSUSTAINABLE, UNENFORCEABLE, CAPRICIOUS, WHIMSICAL, CONTRARY TO THE PROVISIONS OF SICK INDUSTRIAL COMPANIES (SPECIAL PROVISIONS) ACT, 1985 AND VIOLATIVE OF ARTICLES 14 OF THE CONSTITUTION OF INDIA AND ETC

IN WP No 8586 OF 2004

BETWEEN

M/S JOON TOLLEE TEA
AND INDUSTRIES LTD
HAVING ITS OFFICE AT GOOMANKHAN
ESTATE, POST BOX NO.23,
HIREBILE P.O., CHICKMAGALUR
DIST. 577 121, REP. BY ITS
GENERAL MANAGER (P),
RAJKUMAR WILSON

... PETITIONER

(By Sri P B APPAIAH)

AND

GOVERNMENT OF KARNATAKA
DEPT. OF PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS
AND LEGISLATION,
VIDHANA SOUDHA,
B R AMBEDKAR VEEDHI,
BANGALORE 1
REP. BY ITS SECRETARY.

- GOVERNMENT OF KARNATAKA
 ENERGY DEPT.,
 KARNATAKA GOVERNMENT SECRETARIAT,
 M S BLDG.,
 B R AMBEDKAR VEEDHI,
 BANGALORE 1
 REP. BY ITS SECRETARY
- 3 THE CHIEF ELECTRICAL INSPECTOR
 GOVT. OF KARNATAKA, ENERGY DEPT.,
 KARNATAKA GOVERNMENT SECRETARIAT,
 M S BLDG.,
 B R AMBEDKAR VEEDHI,
 BANGALORE 1
- 4 THE DY ELECTRICAL INSPECTOR
 GOVT., ELECTRICAL INSPECTORATE
 NO.3011,, NES OFFICE ROAD,
 VIJAYAPURA EXTENSION,
 CHICKAMAGALUR 577 101 ... RESPONDENTS

(By SRI N DINESH RAO, AGA)

THIS PETITION IS FILED UNDER ARTICLES 226 AND 227 OF THE CONSTITUTION OF INDIA, PRAYING TO DECLARE THAT THE IMPUGNED KARNATAKA ELECTRICITY (TAXATION ON CONSUMPTION) (AMENDMENT) ACT, 2004 (KARNATAKA ACT NO.5/2004) PROMULGATED BY R1 IS ULTRA VIRES THE CONSTITUTION OF INDIA AND HENCE, ILLEGAL AND VOID AND ETC.

IN WP No 8985 OF 2004

BETWEEN

M/S GAURI INDUSTRIES
B.H.ROAD, GAURIBIDANUR,
KOLAR DIST.
REP. BY ITS MANAGING PARTNER
T.RAGHAVENDRA SETTY, MAJOR

2 T RAGAHVENDRA SETTY
S/O T.GOVINDAPPA SETTY
MAJOR,
R/AT NO.9, IST FLOOR,
UPPER LANE CROSS ROAD,
SESHSDRIPURAM,
BANGALORE-560020

. PETITIONERS

(By M/s S N MURTHY ASSOCIATES)

AND

- 1 THE STATE OF KARNATAKA
 DEPARTMENT OF PARLIAMENTARY
 AFFAIRS AND REGISTRATION,
 VIDHANA SOUDHA,
 BANGALORE-560001
 REP. BY ITS CHIEF SECRETARY
- OFFICE OF THE DEPUTY ELECTRICAL INSPECTORATE
 GOVERNMENT OF KARNATAKA
 NO.1072, NEAR CHINMAYA NURSERY
 SCHOOL, NEW EXTENSION,
 KOLAR-563 101 ... RESPONDENTS

(By SRI N DINESH RAO, AGA)

THIS PETITION IS FILED UNDER ARTICLES 226 AND 227 OF THE CONSTITUTION OF INDIA, PRAYING TO QUASH THE KARNATAKA ACT No.5 OF 2004 DT.29-1-2004 AS PER ANN.B LEVYING ELECTRICITY TAX AT 25 Ps. PER UNIT AND QUASH THE DEMAND NOTICE DT.16-2-2004 VIDE ANN.C ISSUED BY R-2.

IN WP No 10611 OF 2004

BETWEEN

1 M/S SAI LAKSHMI INDUSTRIES PVT LTD REGD OFFICE NO 77 VANI VILAS ROAD BASAVANAGUDI, BANGALORE 2 M/S SAI LAKSHMI INDUSTRIES LTD UNIT II, KANNAMANGALA WHITE FIELD, HOSKOTE ROAD BANGALORE

... PETITIONERS

(By M/S S N MURTHY ASSOCIATES)

AND

- 1 THE STATE OF KARNATAKA
 DEPARTMENT OF PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS
 AND LEGISLATION
 VIDHANA SOUDHA
 BANGALORE
 REP BY CHIEF SECRETARY
- 2 OFFICE OF THE CHIEF ELECTRICAL INSPECTOR OF GOVERNMENT GOVERNMENT OF KARNATAKA GROUND FLOOR MYSUGAR BUILDING J C ROAD, BANCALORE

... RESPONDENTS

(By SRI N DINESH RAO, AGA)

THIS PETITION IS FILED UNDER ARTICLES 226 AND 227 OF THE CONSTITUTION OF INDIA, PRAYING TO QUASH THE KARNATAKA ACT No.5 OF 2004 DT.29-1-2004 VIDE ANN.B LEVYING ELECTRICITY TAX AT 25 PS. PER UNIT AND QUASH THE NOTICE DT.5-3-2004 VIDE ANN.C ISSUED BY R-2.

IN WP No 5850 OF 2004

BETWEEN

SOLIRS CHEM TECH LIMITED
(FOMERLY BILT CHEMICALS LIMITED)
BINAGA P.O 581 307, KARWAR
UTTAR KANNADA DISTRICT, KARNATAKA
REP. BY THE BUSINESS HEAD
SANJAY MITTAL ... PETITIONER

(By Sri N V VIJAY)

AND

STATE OF KARNATAKA
DEPARTMENT OF PARLIAMENTARY
AFFAIRS AND LEGISLATION
MULTISTOREYED BUILDING
VIDHANA SOUDHA
BANGALORE 560 001
REP. BY ITS SECRETARY

RESPONDENT

(By SRI N DINESH RAO, AGA)

THIS PETITION IS FILED UNDER ARTICLES 226 AND 227 OF THE CONSTITUTION OF INDIA, PRAYING TO DECLARE THE KARNATAKA ELECTRICITY (TAXATION ON CONSUMPTION) (AMENDMENT) ORDINANCE, 2003 AS ILLEGAL AND UNCONSTITUTIONAL AND ETC.

IN WP No 11930 OF 2004

BETWEEN

- 1 M/S N K AGRO OILS PVT LTD
 P.B.NO.4, N.H.-4
 HIRIYUR, 572 143
 CHITRADURGA DIST
 REP. BY ITS MANAGING DIRECTOR
 SRI MEHMOOD KHAN
- 2 SRI MEHMOOD KHAN
 MANAGING DIRECTOR AND SHARE HOLDER
 OF M/S N.K.AGRO OILS PVT LTD
 R/O NO.26, KAVERIAPPA LAYOUT
 MILLERS TANK BUND ROAD
 BANGALORE 52 ... PETITIONERS

(By M/S S N MURTHY ASSOCIATES)

AND

THE STATE OF KARNATAKA
DEPARTMENT OF PARILAMENTARY AFFAIRS
AND REGISTRATION, VIDHANA SOUDHA
BANGALORE 1, REP. BY ITS CHIEF SECRETARY

THE DEPUTY ELECTRICAL INSPETORATE
CHITRDURGA SUB DIVISION
GOVT OF KARNATAKA
SARVAMANGALA NILAYA
NEELAKANTESWARA EXTENSION
CHITRADURGA 577 501 ... RESPO

RESPONDENTS

(By SRI N DINESH RAO, AGA)

THIS PETITION IS FILED UNDER ARTICLES 226 AND 227 OF THE CONSTITUTION OF INDIA, PRAYING TO QUASH THE KARNATAKA ACT NO.5 OF 2004 DT. 29.1.2004 AS PER ANNEX.B. LEVYING ELECTRICITY TAX AT 25 ps. PER UNIT AND QUASH THE DEMAND NOTICE DT. 17.11.2003, DEMANDING THE PETITIONERS TO PAY RS.17,592/- VIDE ANNEX.C. ISSUED BY R2.

IN WP No 12228 OF 2004

BETWEEN

M/S MADRAS CEMENTS LIMITED
REP BY ITS VICE PRESIDENT(MINES)
GOURAPPAN K,
MATHODU - 577 533
HOSDURGA TALUK
CHITRADURGA DIST
KARNATAKA STATE

... PETITIONER

(By Sri M N SHANKARE GOWDA)

AND

- 1 THE STATE OF KARNATAKA
 REPTD BY ITS CHIEF SECRETARY
 VIDHANA SOUDHA
 DR. AMBEDKAR VEEDHI
 BANGALORE -01
- 2 THE STATE OF KARNATAKA REP BY ITS SECY DEPT OF

PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS LEGISLATION VIDHANA SOUDHA, DR. AMBEDKAR VEEDHI BANGALORE-01

- 3 THE STATE OF KARNATAKA
 REP BY ITS SECRETARY
 DEPT OF ENERGY
 VIDHANA SOUDHA
 DR. AMBEDKAR VEEDHI
 BANGALROE-01
- 4 THE CHIEF ELECTRICAL INSPECTOR GOVERNMENT OF KARNATAKA BANGALORE-01
- 5 THE DEPUTY ELECTRICAL INSPECTOR
 SARVAMANGALA NILAYA
 NEELAKANTESHWARA EXTN
 CHITRADURGA 577 501 ... RESPONDENTS

(By SRI N DINESH RAO, AGA)

THIS PETITION IS FILED UNDER ARTICLES 226 AND 227 OF THE CONSTITUTION OF INDIA, [ORIGINALLY NUMBERED AS WP NO 12228 & 14652 OF 2004; NO RETAINED WP NO 12228 OF 2004; NO. DELETED WP NO 14652 OF 2004] PRAYING TO DECLARE THE KARNATAKA ELECTRICITY (TAXATION ON CONSUMPTION) (AMENDMENT) ACT NO.5/2004 VIDE ANN-M AS ULTRA VIRES THE CONSTITUTION OF INDIA, ILLEGAL, INVALID AND UNENFORCEABLE IN SO FAR AS THE PETITIONER IS CONCERNED AND ETC.

IN WP No 15312 OF 2004

BETWEEN

M/S NECTAR BEVERAGES PVT LTD ADJ GTC BELGAUM ROAD P.B. NO. 205 K.C. PARK P.O. DHARWAD - 580 008 REP BY ITS HRD MANAGER MR. RANGARAO A BAKALE

... PETITIONER

(By M/S LEXPERTISE)

AND

- 1 STATE OF KARNATAKA
 BY ITS CHIEF SECRETARY
 VIDHANA SOUDHA
 BANGALORE -01
- 2 ELECTIRCAL INSPECTOR
 'SNEHA' BUILDING
 VRINDAVANA LAYOUT
 BEHIND SANMATI HOSTEL
 DHARWAD 580 001

RESPONDENTS

(By SRI N DINESH RAO, AGA)

THIS PETITION IS FILED UNDER ARTICLES 226 AND 227 OF THE CONSTITUTION OF INDIA, PRAYING TO QUASH VIDE ANN-A THE NOTICE DI'. 26.2.2004 BY R2, NO.VI.Pa.Dharwad. VI.Tax:1312/03-04 AND ETC.

IN WP No 15703 OF 2004

BETWEEN

TVS MOTOR CO LTD
HAVING ITS REGSTD OFFICE AT
JAYALAKSHMI ESTATES, 5TH FLOOR
8 HADDOWS ROAD, CHENNAI 600 006 AND
HAVING ITS PLANT AT PB.NO.1
BYATHAHALLY, KADAKOLA, MYSORE
BY ITS SENIOR MANAGER LEGAL
KURIAN JOSEPH ... PETITIONER

(By M/S K G RAGHAVAN, DUA ASSOCIATES)

AND

- 1 STATE OF KARNATAKA
 MINISTRY OF LAW JUSTICE AND
 PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS
 VIDHANA SOUDHA, VIDHANA VEEDHI
 BANGALORE-01
- 2 GOVT OF KARNATAKA ENERGY DEPARTMENT KARNATAKA GOVERNMENT SECRETARIAT M.S.BUILDING, BLORE-01
- 3 ELECTRICAL INSPECTORATE NO.95/B, 3RD CROSS, IST STAGE GANGOTHRI LAYOU'T MYSORE 570 009
- 4 ELECTRICAL INSPECTORATE NETHRAVATHI BUILDING 2ND FLOOR, BALMATTA, MANGALORE 575 001

... RESPONDENTS

(By SRI N DINESH RAO, AGA)

THIS PETITION IS FILED UNDER ARTICLES 226 AND 227 OF THE CONSTITUTION OF INDIA, [ORIGINALLY NUMBERED AS WP NO 15702 & 15835 OF 2004; NO RETAINED WP NO 15702 OF 2004; NO DELETED WP NO 15835 OF 2004 PRAYING TO DECLARE THAT SUB SECTION (2) OF SECTION 3 OF THE KARNATAKA ON CONSUMPTION) ELECTRICITY (TAXATION ACT, AMENDED VIDE KARNATAKA ACT NO.5 OF 2004 -KARNATAKA ELECTRICITY (TAXATION ON CONSUMPTION) (AMENDMENT) ACT 2004 IS ILLEGAL AND UNCONSTITUTIONAL AND ETC.

IN WP No 17369 OF 2004

BETWEEN

BIOCON LIMITED A COMPANY INCORPORATED UNDER THE PROVISION

OF THE COMPANIES ACT 1956 AND HAVING ITS REG OFFICE AT 20TH K.M. HOSUR ROAD, ELECTRONIC CITY PO BANGALORE-O AND REP BY ITS MANAGER LEGAL DINESH CHARAK ... PETITIONER

(By M/S K G RAGHAVAN, DUA ASSOCIATES)

AND

- 1 STATE OF KARNATAKA MINISTRY OF LAW JUSTICE AND PARLIAMENTAY AFFAIRS VIDHANA SOUDHA VIDHANA VEEDHI BANGALORE-1
- GOVT OF KARNATAKA ENERGY DEPARTMENT KARNATAKA GOVERNMENT SECRETARIAT M S BUILDING BANGALORE-1
- DEPUTY CHIEF ELECTRICAL INSPECTORATE BANGALORE SOUTH JAYANAGAR IST FLOOR, MYSUGAR BUILDING JC ROAD **BANGALORE-2** ... RESPONDENTS

(By SRI N DINESH RAO, AGA)

THIS PETITION IS FILED UNDER ARTICLES 226 AND 227 OF THE CONSTITUTION OF INDIA, [ORIGINALLY NUMBERED AS WP NO 17369-70 OF 2004; NO RETAINED WP NO 17369 OF 2004; NO. DELETED WP NO 17370 OF 2004 PRAYING TO DECLARE THAT SUB-SECTION (2) OF SECTION 3 OF THE KARNATAKA (TAXATION ON CONSUMPTION) ACT, ELECTRICITY AMENDED VIDE KARNATAKA ACT NO.5/2004 THE KARNATAKA ELECTRICITY (TAXATION ON CONSUMPTION) (AMENDMENT) ACT 2004 IS ILLEGAL AND UNCONSTITUTIONAL AND ETC.

IN WP No 18090 OF 2004

BETWEEN

- M/S BPL SOFT ENERGY SYSTEMS LTD
 NO 7-A, KIADB INDUSTRIAL AREA
 SOMANAHALLI
 MADDUR-571 428
 REP BY ITS COMPANY SCY
 A R RAJARAM
- 2 A R RAJARAM
 S/O LATE A G ROW
 44 YEARS
 SHAREHOLDER OF M/S BPL SOFT ENERGY
 SYSTEMS LIMITED, R/O NO 636,
 5TH MAIN ROAD, INDIRANAGAR 2ND STAGE
 BANGALORE-38 ... PETITIONERS

(By M/S S N MURTHY ASSOCIATES)

AND

- 1 THE STATE OF KARNATAKA
 DEPARTMENT OF PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS
 AND REGISTRATION
 VIDHANA SOUDHA
 BANGALORE-1
 REP BY ITS CHIEF SECRETARY
- 2 OFFICE OF THE DEPUTY CHIEF ELECTRICAL INSPECTORATE GOVERNMENT OF KARNATAKA BALMATHA MANGALORE-575 002

... RESPONDENTS

(By SRI N DINESH RAO, AGA)

THIS PETITION IS FILED UNDER ARTICLES 226 AND 227 OF THE CONSTITUTION OF INDIA, PRAYING TO QUASH THE KARNATAKA ACT NO.5 OF 2004 DT. 29.1.2004 AS PER ANNEX.G. LEVYING ELECTRICITY TAX AT 25 ps PER UNIT AND QUASH THE DEMAND NOTICE DT. 16.3.2004 VIDE ANNEX.H. ISSUED BY R2.

IN WP No 18124 OF 2004

BETWEEN

H & R JOHNSON (INDIA) LTD
39, RAJA RAM MOHAN ROY ROAD
OPP. KANTEERAVA STADIUM
BANGALORE 25
REPRESENTED BY ITS DEPUTY MANAGER
(ACCOUNTS) SRI ARUN KUMAR AGARWAL ... PETITIONER

(By M/S G K V MURTHY & P E UMESH)

<u>AND</u>

- 1 STATE OF KARNATAKA
 REPRESENTED BY ITS CHIEF SECRETARY
 DR.AMBEDKAR ROAD
 VIDHANA SOUDHA
 BANGALORE 1
- THE CHIEF ELECTRICAL INSPECTOR
 GOVERNMENT OF KARNATAKA
 MYSUGAR BUILDIN
 J.C.ROAD
 BANGALORE 2
- THE DEPUTY CHIEF INSPECTOR OF FACTORIES (ELECTRICAL)
 MALNAD MANSION, II FLOOR OPP.R.T.O.OFFICE, B.H.ROAD
 TUMKUR 572 102

... RESPONDENTS

(By SRI N DINESH RAO, AGA)

THIS PETITION IS FILED UNDER ARTICLES 226 AND 227 OF THE CONSTITUTION OF INDIA, PRAYING TO DECLARE THAT THE KARNATAKA ELECTRICITY (TAXATION ON CONSUMPTION)(AMENDMENT) ACT, 2004 (KARNATAKA ACT NO.5 OF 2004) (ANX.A) IS ULTRA-VIRES THE CONSTITUTION OF INDIA, IN SO FAR AS THE PETITIONER IS CONCERNED AND AS A CONSEQUENCE THEREOF DIRECT THE RESPONDENTS TO

REFUND TO THE PETITIONER ELECTRICITY TAX OF RS.4,40,919-50 PAID BY THE PETITIONER.

IN WP No 18683 OF 2004

BETWEEN

M/S CEETA INDUSTRIES LTD # 34-38, KIADB INDUSTRIAL AREA SATYAMANGALA, TUMKUP 572 106 REP.BY ITS VICE PRESIDENT K SOMANATHAM

. PETITIONER

(By M/S KAMATH & KAMATH)

AND

- THE STATE OF KARNATAKA
 BY THE CHIEF SECRETARY
 VIDHANA SOUDHA, BLORE-01
- THE ELECTRICAL INSPECTORATE
 4TH FLOOR, KEB M.S.BUILDING
 K.R.CIRCLE, BLORE-560 001
- THE DEPUTY CHIEF ELECTRICAL INSPECTORATE
 TUMKUR CIRCLE, 2ND FLOOR,
 MALNAD MANSION, OPP.R.T.O.OFFICE
 B.H.ROAD, TUMKUR 572 102 ... RESPONDENTS

(By SRI N DINESH RAO, AGA)

THIS PETITION IS FILED UNDER ARTICLES 226 AND 227 OF THE CONSTITUTION OF INDIA, PRAYING TO DECLARE THAT THE KARNATAKA ELECTRICITY (TAXATION ON CONSUMPTION) (AMENDMENT) ACT, 2004(KARNATAKA ACT NO.5 OF 2004) IS ILLEGAL, UNCONSTITUTIONAL IN SO FAR AS THE INSERTION OF SUBSECTION (2) TO SECTION 3 OF THE KARNATAKA TAX ON ELECTRICITY (CONSUMPTION) ACT, 1959.

IN WP No 19280 OF 2004

BETWEEN

- 1 M/S KALYANI STEELS LIMITED
 (A CO. INCORPORATED UNDER
 THE COMPANIES ACT) HAVING
 ITS OFFICE AT HOSPET ROAD
 GINIGERA 583 228, KOPPAL DIST.
 REP.HEREIN BY ITS GENERAL MANAGER
 (H.R. & ADMIN.), SHRI. G.Y. SUHAS
- 2 SHIVA KUMAR KHENY SHARE HOLDER OF KALYANI STEELS LTD. "SHANKAR NIVAS", NO.27, II CROSS, II MAIN, RMV II STAGE, 1ST BLOCK BANGALORE - 560 094
- 3 M/S KALYANI FERROUS INDUSTRIES LTD
 (A COMPANY INCORPORATED UNDER THE
 COMPANIES ACT), HAVING ITS OFFICE AT
 HOSPET ROAD, CINIGERA 583 228,
 KOPPAL DIST., REP.HEREIN BY ITS GENERAL
 MANAGER, (H.R. & ADMIN.),
 SHRI. G.Y. SUHAS
- 4 M/S MUKAND LTD
 (A COMPANY INCORPORATED UNDER THE
 COMPANIES ACT), HAVING ITS OFFICE AT
 HOSPET ROAD, GINIGERA 583 228,
 KOPPAL DIST., REP.HEREIN
 BY ITS MANAGER PERSONNEL
 SHRI, SOMASEKHAR BHAVI ... PETITIONERS

(By Sri ASHOK HARANAHALLI)

AND

STATE OF KARNATAKA
BY ITS SECRETARY
DEPT. OF PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS &
LEGISLATION, VIDHANA SOUDHA
BANGALORE - 560 001

- 2 THE SECRETARY
 ENERGY DEPT.
 GOVT. OF KARNATAKA
 VIDHANA SOUDHA
 BANGALORE 560 001
- 3 ELECTRICAL INSPECTOR
 GOVT. OF KARNATAKA
 ELECTRICAL INSPECTORATE
 RAICHUR DIVISION
 NIJALINGAPPA COLONY
 RAICHUR 584 101

RESPONDENTS

(By SRI N DINESH RAO, AGA)

THIS PETITION IS FILED UNDER ARTICLES 226 AND 227 OF THE CONSTITUTION OF INDIA, [ORIGINALLY NUMBERED AS WP NO 19280-82 OF 2004; NO RETAINED WP NO 19280 OF 2004; NO. DELETED WP NO 19281-82 OF 2004] PRAYING TO DECLARE THE KARNATAKA ELECTRICITY (TAXATION ON CONSUMPTION) (AMENDMENT) ACT, 2004 AS ILLEGAL AND UNCONSTITUTIONAL (PRODUCED VIDE ANX. A) AND ETC.

IN WP No 19716 OF 2004

BETWEEN

- 1 FR MULLER'S CHARITABLE INSTITUTION
 FR. MULLER'S ROAD KANKANADY MANGALORE
 575 002 REP BY ITS DIRECTOR DR BAPTIST
 MENEZES S/O LATE LOUIS MENEZES
 53 YEARS R/O KANKANADY MANGALROE 575 002
- 2 FATHER MULLER'S INSTITUTE
 OF MEDICAL EDUCATION
 AND RESEARCH FR MULLER
 MEDICAL COLLEGE,
 FR. MULLER'S ROAD, KANKANADY
 MANGALORE 575 002
 REP BY ITS DIRECTOR
 DR BAPTIST MENEZES
 S/O LATE LOUIS
 MENEZES 53 YEARS

R/O KANAKANADY MANGALORE 575 002

... PETITIONERS

(By Sri MADHUSUDAN R NAIK)

AND

- 1 STATE OF KARNATAKA
 BY ITS CHIEF SECRETARY
 VIDHANA SOUDHA
 BANGALORE 1
- 2 THE CHIEF ELECTRICAL INSPECTOR
 STATE OF KARNATAKA
 MYSUGAR BUILDING
 J.C. ROAD
 BANGALORE 2
- 3 THE DEPUTY CHIEF ELECTRICAL INSPECTOR
 MANGALORE NETRAVATI BUILDING
 2ND FLOOR, BALMATTA,
 MANGALORE ... RESPONDENTS

(By SRI N DINESH RAO, AGA)

THIS PETITION IS FILED UNDER ARTICLES 226 AND 227 OF THE CONSTITUTION OF INDIA, PRAYING TO QUASH THE NOTICE DT. 9.3.2004 VIDE ANNEX.B. AS HAVING BEEN ISSUED ILLEGALLY AND WITHOUT AND/OR IN EXCESS OF JURISDICTION AND ETC.

IN WP No 20987 OF 2004

BETWEEN

BELLARY STEELS AND ALLOYS LTD
HAVING ITS REGSTD OFFICE AT S-10/11
P.B.NO.19, ANANTAPUR ROAD
BELLARY 58310
REP.BY ITS ASST.GENERAL MANAGER
MALLIKARJUNAPPA ... PETITIONERS

(By M/S K G RAGHAVAN, DUA ASSOCIATES)

<u>AND</u>

- 1 STATE OF KARNATAKA
 MINISTRY OF LAW JUSTICE AND
 PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS,
 VIDHANA SOUDHA, VIDHANA VEEDH!
 BANGALORE-560 001
- 2 GOVERNMENT OF KARNATAKA ENERGY DEPARTMENT KARNATAKA GOVERNMENT SECRETARIAT M.S.BUILDING, BANGALORE-01
- 3 THE DY ELECTRICAL INSPECTOR H.NO.54, 3RD CROSS PARVATHINAGAR, TALUK ROAD BELLARY

RESPONDENTS

(By SRI N DINESH RAO, AGA)

THIS PETITION IS FILED UNDER ARTICLES 226 AND 227 OF THE CONSTITUTION OF INDIA, [ORIGINALLY NUMBERED AS WP NO 20987-88 OF 2004; NO RETAINED WP NO 20987; NO. DELETED WP NO 20988] PRAYING TO DECLARE THAT SUB SECTION (2) OF SECTION 3 OF THE KARNATAKA ELECTRICITY (TAXATION ON CONSUMPTION) ACT, 1959 AMENDED VIDE KARNATAKA ACT NO.5/2004 DT. 29.1.2004 VIDE ANN-A THE KARNATAKA ELECTRICITY (TAXATION ON CONSUMPTION) (AMENDMENT) ACT 2004 IS ILLEGAL AND UNCONSTITUTIONAL AND ETC.

IN WP No 37432 OF 2004

BETWEEN

MANIPAL ACADEMY OF HIGHER EDUCATION UNIVERSITY BUILDING MADHAVNAGAR MANIPAL- 576 119 BY ITS REGISTRAR DR. S GURUMADHAV RAO

... PETITIONER

(By Sri PRAMOD N KATHAVI)

AND

- 1 THE STATE OF KARNATAKA
 BY ITS CHIEF SECRETARY
 VIDHANA SOUDHA
 DR.AMBEDKAR VEEDHI
 BANGALORE -01
- 2 STATE OF KARNATAKA
 DEPT OF PARLIAMENTARY
 AFFAIRS AND LEGISLATION
 VIDHANA SOUDHA
 DR. AMBEDKAR VEEDHI
 BANGALORE -01
 BY ITS SECRETARY
- 3 STATE OF KARNATAKA
 DEPT OF ENERGY
 VIDHANA SOUDHA
 DR. AMBEDKAR VEEDHI
 BANGALORE 01
 BY ITS SECY
- 4 THE CHIEF ELECTRICAL INSPECTOR GOVERNMENT OF KARNATAKA BANGALORE
- 5 THE DEPUTY CHIEF
 ELECTRICAL INSPECTOR
 NETHRAVATHY BUILDING 2ND FLOOR
 BALMATHA
 MANGALORE 575 001

6 THE DEPUTY ELECTRICAL INSPECTOR
OFFICE OF THE ELECTRICAL INSPECTORATE
V.T. ROAD
KADI KOPPAL
NEAR P.C. AUDITORIUM
UDUPI - 576 101 ... RESPO

... RESPONDENTS

(By SRI N DINESH RAO, AGA)

THIS PETITION IS FILED UNDER ARTICLES 226 AND 227 OF THE CONSTITUTION OF INDIA, JORIGINALLY NUMBERED AS WP NO 37432-34 OF 2004; NO RETAINED WP NO 37432 OF 2004; NO. DELETED WP NO 37433 OF 2004] FRAYING TO DECLARE THE KARNATAKA ELECTRICITY (TAXATION ON CONSUMPTION) (AMENDMENT) ACT, 2004 (ANX.A) PROMULGATED IN THE ISSUE OF THE KARNATAKA GAZETTE DT. 29.1.2004 BY THE GOVERNOR OF KARNATAKA AS ULTRA VIRES THE CONSTITUTION OF INDIA, ILLEGAL, INVALID AND UNENFORCEABLE IN SO FAR AS THE PETITIONER IS CONCERNED AND ETC.

IN WP No 41035 OF 2004

BETWEEN

- 1 FT MULLER'S CHARITABLE INSTITUTION FR. MULLER'S ROAD, KANKANADY MANGALORE 575 002 REP. BY ITS DIRECTOR DR.BAPTIST MENEZES S/O LATE SRI.LOUIS MENEZES AGED ABOUT 53 YEARS, R/O KANKANADY MANGALORE 575 002.
- 2— FATHER MULLER'S HOMEOPATHIC MEDICINE MANUFACTURING UNIT, DEVARALAKATTE MANGALORE 575 002 REP. BY ITS DIRECTOR DR. BAPTIST MENEZES

S/O.LATE SRI.LOUIS MENEZES AGED ABOUT 53 YEARS R/O KANKANADY, MANGALORE 575 002

... PETITIONERS

(By Sri MADHUSUDAN R NAIK)

AND

- 1 STATE OF KARNATAKA
 BY ITS CHIEF SECRETARY
 VIDHANA SOUDHA
 BANGALORE 560 001.
- 2 THE CHIEF ELECTRICAL INSPECTOR STATE OF KARNATAKA MYSUGAR BUILDING J C ROAD BANGALORE 560 002

... RESPONDENTS

(By SRI N DINESH RAO, AGA)

THIS PETITION IS FILED UNDER ARTICLES 226 AND 227 OF THE CONSTITUTION OF INDIA, [ORIGINALLY NUMBERED AS WP NO 41035 & 42265 OF 2004; NO RETAINED WP NO 41035 OF 2004; NO. DELETED WP NO 42265 OF 2004] PRAYING TO QUASH THE NOTICE DT. 26.6.2004 (ANX.C) AND COMMUNICATIONS DT. 23.8.2004, AND 20.9.2004 (ANX. E AND F) AS HAVING BEEN ISSUED ILLEGALLY AND WITHOUT AND/OR IN THE EXCESS OF JURISDICTION.

THESE PETITIONS ARE COMING ON FOR FURTHER HEARING, THIS DAY, THE COURT MADE THE FOLLOWING:-

9

ORDER

In this batch of writ petitions, the petitioners are persons on whom liability is created for payment of what is known as electricity tax under the provisions of the Karnataka Ordinance No 8 of 2003, which amended section 3 of the Karnataka Electricity (Taxation on Consumption) Act, 1959 [for short 'the Act'] and levied a tax burden on persons like the petitioners in terms of subsection (1) of Section 3 as amended by the Ordinance.

2. Petitioners who were essentially persons who either generate themselves such electricity which is sought to be taxed under the amended provisions or who got it from any other non-licencee suppliers free of cost and on whom is created this liability for payment of tax, are complaining that the levy itself is bad as the levy on electricity generated amounts to levy on generation at the generating point and not a levy on consumption; that it is beyond the

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competence of the state government to have issued an ordinance of this nature etc.

- 3. The Ordinance itself was promulgated with effect from 16-10-2003 and later on it was replaced by the Karnataka Act No 5 of 2004, which was also made retroactive from the date on which the Ordinance had been promulgated i.e. from 16-10-2003 and what is significant to notice is that such levy itself was for the duration between 16-10-2003 and 1-7-2004.
- 4. The amending Act brought about certain changes and the language of the charging section under subsection (2) of Section 3 of the parent Act indicating that the levy is on consumption and the burden of tax to be on the consumers. The validity of the Amending Act is also questioned on the premise that it is also equally bad; that it is an instance of colourable legislation; that the Act is discriminatory, as the levy is confined to persons like the petitioners and not on all consumers; that there is no



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basis for treating persons like the petitioners any differently; that the petitioners are also consumers who are otherwise subjected to levy of electricity tax under the Act earlier also; that the provisions of the amending Act are violative of Article 14 of the Constitution of India, and therefore should be declared as unconstitutional.

- 5. It is also urged that the amending Act is also an instance of colourable legislation, as it seeks to validate an otherwise invalid levy under an incompetent Ordinance. One another ground of attack is that even though under the amending Act, the levy is sought to be on consumers, it is nevertheless only on generation as ultimately the burden falls on the generators and not necessarily on a person who is an exclusive consumer.
- 6. While in most of the cases levy of electricity tax in terms of the amended Section 3 of the parent Act by the Ordinance and the demand raised therein is questioned by the petitioners, who are all by and large consumers who



generate electricity by themselves under various enabling orders of permission and added incentives along with permissions, some of the petitioners are consumers who receive such power from non-licencee generators who may supply electricity generated by them within the premises of the consumer.

7. Subsequent to the amending Act, replacing the Ordinance, some of the petitioners had sought for amendment to the writ petition pleadings and have questioned the validity of the amending Act also. While the grounds of challenge noticed earlier are all common to these petitioners, in many of these cases, a further ground is also urged that the state government had assured such petitioners certain concessions in the matter of levy of electricity tax either for a stipulated duration or indefinitely; that under the Ordinance and later by the amending Act, such incentive in the form of exemption from levy and payment of electricity tax on such persons has been discontinued; that the exemption had been



granted as part of several government orders issued in favour of persons who had set up new industries or who had expanded the existing industries in identified areas for industrial growth and development; that even before the tax holiday period as had been provided for in favour of such petitioners was over, this enforcement of levy has been sought to be foisted; that it is clearly an instance of going back on an assured promise and incentive given after the petitioners have acted on the promise and had altered their position to their detriment and therefore the provisions to levy electricity tax on the petitioners is to be declared as bad in law.

8. These petitions have been admitted and interim orders of varying nature had been granted by this court. In some cases stay of enforcement of the demand in total and in some cases with conditions subject to petitioners depositing or making payment of a part of the demand either existing or to be assessed in future and the like.



9. Respondents on being notified have entered appearance through the learned Additional Government Advocate. In a few cases, statements of objections have been filed on behalf of the respondents. What is essentially contended in the statements of objections on behalf of the respondents is that the additional levy of electricity tax under the Ordinance and the amending Act was to meet a contingent liability and the additional expenditure that the state had incurred in view of the continued drought situation in some parts of the State; that it is a levy which is temporary in nature being confined to the period between 16-10-2003 and 1-7-2004; that there was need to supply additional electricity to drought affected areas particularly for the people to get drinking water, that the State was required to meet the demand for additional electricity in such a situation by purchasing it from outside and which was also at a higher cost and to meet such additional expenditure, the state had to raise additional resources by way of levy of



additional tax and if the additional levy in terms of the Ordinance and thereafter by the amending Act in terms of sub-section (2) of Section 3 of the parent Act was to meet such contingency and as it was felt that not all consumers need be taxed for such purpose, the levy of additional tax under sub-section (2) of Section 3 of the Act was confined to consumers like the petitioners whose consumption of electricity from sources and manner as indicated in subsection (2) of Section 3 of the Act was not being taxed otherwise, in the sense that they were not paying any tax in respect of very consumption and therefore the liability has been made; that it is well within the legislative competence of the state government in terms of Entry-53 of List-II of the Seventh Schedule to the Constitution of India and the levy being only on persons like the petitioners is also a reasonable classification; that the levy being on a well defined group of persons like the consumers who were using electricity generated by themselves or supplied to them free of cost from other

non-licencee suppliers; that the classification consumers who pay additional electricity tax in terms of sub-section (2) of Section 3 of the Act vis-à-vis those classes of consumers who do not pay such electricity tax under this provision, is a reasonable classification; that persons like the petitioners who were subjected to tax under sub-section (2) of Section 3 of the Act are a distinct and identifiable group of consumers who form a class by themselves; that it is within the prerogative of the state not to tax all for raising any revenue for the state and as such the classification being a reasonable classification and ultimately the object being to raise additional revenue to the state, the provision is a valid piece of legislation and not liable to be declared as unconstitutional and therefore the writ petitions to be dismissed.

10. It is also urged on behalf of the respondents that the plea of estoppel urged in cases of several petitioners is not available to the petitioners, as assuming that there was an exemption in respect of the payment of electricity charges



under the Act in favour of some of the petitioners, such exemption being in exercise of the power of delegated legislation and the present levy being in terms of law made by the competent legislature itself, and being in the nature of plenary legislation. it is not open to the petitioners to put forth the plea of estoppel and at any rate the levy under sub-section (2) of Section 3 of the Act cannot be tested on the touchstone of plea of estoppel and the ground of estoppel is not available to the petitioners.

- 11. It is also urged that levy being essentially on the consumption of electricity, though it might not have been so termed under the provisions of the Ordinance, the levy is sustainable with reference to the provisions of Entry-53 of List-II of the Constitution. The respondents have accordingly urged for dismissal of all the writ petitions.
- 12. The petitions were taken up for hearing in the light of such rival pleadings. I have heard Sri A G Holla, learned Senior Counsel, appearing for Sri P D Vishwanath



[appearing for petitioner in WP No 51265 of 2003] Pramod V Kathavi [appearing for the petitioners in WP No 50822 of 2003, WP No 42632 of 2004 and WP No 37421 of 2007] Sri Sriranga (appearing for petitioner in WP No 50935 of 2003], Sri Somashekar [appearing for petitioners in WP Nos 48766, 49622 and 52230 of 2003, 3174, 8985, 10611, 11930 and 18090 of 2004], Sri Vijay [appearing for the petitioners in WP 5850 of 2004]. Ms Dhanalakshmi for M/s Nandi Law Chambers (appearing for the petitioners in WP No 48147, 53380 and 53381 of 2003], Smt Lakshmi lappearing for the petitioners in WP Nos 52645 of 2003], Sri Shankare Gowda Jappearing for the petitioner in WP No 12228 of 2004) and also Sri Dinesh Rao, learned Additional Government Advocate, appearing for the respondents.

13. In so far as the validity of the Ordinance is concerned, submission of Sri Chaitanya Hegde, who led the arguments on behalf of the petitioners, is that the Ordinance is one which is clearly beyond the legislative



competence, is one which is invalid, being one which seeks to levy a tax on generation of electricity, though it purports to be in the guise of levy of electricity tax; that while the state can certainly levy tax on consumption and sale of electricity, deriving power under Entry-53 of List-II, it is not open to the state government to levy any tax at the manufacturing stage i.e. at the point of generation of electricity whether it is called by the name 'electricity tax' or otherwise; that such levies are within the exclusive province of the Parliament referable to the specific Entry-84 in List-I of the seventh schedule to the Constitution of India.

14. In so far as this submission is concerned. learned counsel for the petitioners submit it is well supported by the authoritative decisions of the Supreme Court rendered in a series of cases viz., STATE OF MYSORE VE WEST COAST PAPER MILLS [AIR 1975 SC 5] and M P CEMENT MANUFACTURERS' ASSOCIATION VE STATE OF MADHYA PRADESH [[2004] 2 SCC 249].



With regard to the challenge to the amending Act, 15. which has replaced the Ordinance, Sri Chaitanya Hegde would urge that thought the amending Act has taken care to use a different phraseology in sub-section (2) of Section 3 of the Act in terms of the amendment and has indicated that the tax is on the units of energy consumed by any person and has sought to make the levy on consumption of electrical energy, it is nevertheless bad as it is one which seeks to replace the Ordinance, an Ordinance which was otherwise invalid; that if the Ordinance was without legislative competent of the state government, was one dealing with the subject matter over which the state government had no legislative competence, then in the guise of a law made thereafter for the purpose of replacing the Ordinance, such invalid Ordinance cannot be resurrected or action taken under it saved and it amounts to an instance of colourable legislation. Learned counsel further submits that even the phraseology used in the present sub-section (2) of Section 3 of the Act in terms of



the amendment does not save the provision as the levy is in reality and in effect a levy on a generator as ultimately the petitioners are the persons who generate and pay tax on the same; that it is virtually the very same as the Ordinance but in a disguised manner and therefore the legislation is yet again bad as an instance of colourable legislation. In this regard, learned counsel would place reliance on the decision of the Supreme Court in the case of K C GAJAPATI NARAYAN DEO US STATE OF ORISSA [AIR 1953 SC 735 - Para-9].

16. It is nextly contended by the learned counsel for the petitioners, with reference to the amending act, that the provisions assuming that it is within in the competence of the state government, it is still bad, as it discriminates persons like the petitioners vis-à-vis other consumers who are not subjected to such levy under sub-section (2) of Section 3 of the Act. Submission is that the levy being confined to persons like the petitioners, brings about an artificial classification not sustainable with reference to



any known or accepted principles of classification. also submitted that such a levy has no nexus to the object of the Act, particularly by restricting the levy to persons like the petitioners. In this regard, learned counsel would draw attention of the court to the statement of objects and reasons to the principal Act i.e. Act No 14 of 1957, and submit that the very object of the principal Act was to make the levy of electricity tax uniforms on all consumers and to provide uniform tax on consumption of electricity and when such is the avowed object of the Act, the present levy is virtually one which is directly in conflict with this object of making the tax structure over all consumers uniform, in the sense that the consumers like the petitioners are saddled with an additional liability whereas all other consumers are not burdened with this additional liability, but if at all subjected to tax only under sub-To drive home the section (1) of Section 3 of the Act. argument that the levy brings about an unreasonable and artificial classification, learned counsel for the petitioners

would draw my attention to the provisions of Section 3, as it stood earlier i.e. before the Ordinance and the amending Act, and would submit that even with such existing levy under the charging Section, persons like the petitioners were being granted an express exemption from payment of tax on electricity generated by themselves; that one such notification which had been issued in the year 1997 in terms of Annexure-C to WP No 53381 of 2003 was operative during the earlier period; that it is only because persons like the petitioners were also liable for payment of tax under Section 3 of the Act as it stood earlier, there was need for issue of such exemption notification and a mere fortuitous circumstance that the petitioners had an exemption in their favour or that the petitioners had earned the exemption because of their efforts and investment of capital in notified backward areas, which were industrially underdeveloped, if had fetched them such exemption, there was no distinction between the other tax payers as consumers and the present provision



of sub-section (2) of Section 3 of the Act, therefore created an additional burden only on persons like the petitioners by identifying them as a class and this is making a classification without any justification and without having any nexus to the object of the Act and therefore is hit for violating Article 14 of the Constitution of India. With regard to such submission, Sri Chaitanya Hegde would place reliance on the decisions of the Supreme Court in the case of HARANCHAND US UNION OF INDIA LAIR 1970 SC 1453] and IN RE: THE SPECIAL COURTS BILL [AIR 1979 SC 478] and submits that the classification unless is based on an intelligible criterion and a differentia having a nexus to the object and the purpose sought to be achieved by such classification creating a class or persons grouped together though are clearly defined and identified as persons distinguishable from persons left out of the group, the classification still becomes unreasonable and Submission will be hit by Article 14 of the Constitution. is that in the present instance the classification is



unreasonable, both on the ground of not creating a valid classification and also on the ground that the grouping has no nexus to the object of the Act, the result being hostile discrimination, attracting the frown of Article 14 of the Constitution and therefore the provisions should be declared as unconstitutional.

17. One another submission on behalf of the petitioner as urged by Sri A G Holla, learned Senior Counsel, is that the Ordinance and the corresponding validating provision in the amending Act, validating the provision is also not proper, as it seeks to validate a levy which was otherwise beyond the legislative competence of the State, though the earlier provision might have been in the form of an Ordinance. Submission is that what could not have been achieved by the Act of the state legislature, afortiori cannot be achieved by the issue of an Ordinance by the executive wing of the state and to that extent the validating legislation suffers from the very vice.



18. Sri Sriranga lappearing for petitioner in WP No 50935 of 2003] would urge that in so far as the petitioners in the said petition who number three, the first petitioner being a person who is consuming electricity generated and supplied by the third petitioner but at a price and the second petitioner being a shareholder are concerned, the impugned demand is raised on the generator [third petitioner and therefore the very demand is invalid, as even under the parent Act or the amending Act, there is no levy on the generator of electricity. It is also urged by the learned counsel that the first petitioner though a consumer of electricity is not one coming within either classes of sub-section (2) of Section 3 of the amending Act; that the first petitioner neither generates energy for consumption by itself nor gets it free from any nonlicencee, but gets it at a cost from the third petitioner nonlicencee and therefore no levy is attracted and to this extent the levy is bad in law and the demand raised under the impugned notice is to be quashed.



It is also pointed out that as there is no procedure 19. provided for under the provisions of the parent Act either for assessing or even for correcting illegal demands, though the levy is under a fiscal statute, aggrieved persons are invariably driven to seek relief by invoking writ jurisdiction of this court under Article 226/227 of the Constitution of India. In this regard, Sri Sriranga has drawn my attention not only to the provisions of the parent Act such as the provisions under Section 4 [charging section], Section 8 [provision for granting exemption etc.,], but also has drawn my attention to the Rules framed under the Act viz., Rule 3 [providing for time and manner of collection and payment. Rule 3(2) Imanuer in which non-licencees have to account for the Rule 5 [submission of returns], 10 Rule same, Ispecial provisions for collection of tax from non-licencees etc., and submits that there is no obligation on the part of the petitioners under any of these provisions either to comply with any of the requirements of the Act or the



Rules nor to pay any tax and therefore the demand is bad.

Learned counsel has also placed reliance on the decision of the Supreme Court in the case of M. P. CRMENT MANUFACTURERS' ASSOCIATION [supre].

- 20. Sri Vijay learned counsel appearing for the petitioner in WP 5850 of 2004, by adopting the submissions made earlier by the other learned counsel for the petitioners, has also submitted that this petitioner having deposited a sum of Rs 18.00 lakh in terms of the interim order and during the pendency of the petition, the petitioner would seek refund of this amount as the amount deposited is towards the demand which is otherwise illegal.
- 21. Ms Dhanalakshmi for M/s Nandi Law Chambers, learned counsel appearing for the petitioners in WP No 48147, 53380 and 53381 of 2003, would support such arguments by submitting that the petitioners in these petitions are similarly situated.



- Sri Shankare Gowda, learned counsel appearing for 22. the petitioner in WP No 12228 of 2004, would highlight that the petitioner was one who had been issued with a tax incentive in terms of the government order issued pursuant to the industrial policy of the state government and which expressly provided for exemption from levy of electricity tax for a period of five years in terms of the exemption order at Annexure-A to the writ petition and even before the period of five years having elapsed, there cannot be any levy of tax on the petitioner; that while the impugned demand under the Ordinance and the Act by itself would suffer as submitted by the learned counsel for the petitioners in other cases, in this case, even if it is held to be valid, the same cannot be enforced for the reason that the petitioner is enjoying tax holiday for a period of five years in terms of the government order and therefore there cannot be any demand on the petitioner.
- 23. Sri Dinesh Rao, learned Additional Government Advocate, appearing for the respondents, by drawing



attention to the statements of objections filed on behalf of the respondents in WP Nos 50822 and 48147 of 2003, would submit that the levy under the Ordinance is in essence and substance a levy on the consumption of electricity, though the Ordinance might have worded it as levy on generation and at generation point per unit' etc..; that it is virtually a levy on electricity consumed as electricity is consumed at the very generating point; that in effect what is subjected to tax is electricity consumed, as the electricity generated is also consumed by the very generator and therefore the levy under the Ordinance is one referable to and supported by Entry-53 of List-II of seventh schedule to the Constitution of India. In support of this argument, learned AGA would place reliance on the decisions of the Supreme Court in the case of J C MILLS STATE OF MADHYA PRADESH [AIR 1963 SC 414] and submit that the word 'consumption' should be accorded a wide meaning and if the levy is in effect on consumption, it should be held to be a valid levy with



reference to Entry-53 of List-II; that in the matter of interpretation of legislation, it is a well accepted Rule of interpretation that the word should be given the widest meaning and connotation; that if the Entry-53 of List-II should be so understood, even the levy in terms of the Ordinance can very well be understood as a levy within the scope of this entry, which is a tax on the consumption of electricity as ultimately in substance the levy is on the consumer of electrical energy generated by the consumer itself and therefore the provisions of the Ordinance is well within the Ordinance making power of the State.

24. It is also submitted by the learned AGA that the Ordinance being one creating a liability for a limited period and for the purpose of raising additional revenue, which is required to meet the additional expenditure to tide over the difficulties and hardships in the drought stricken areas of the State, the object of the Act is also fulfilled in the sense, it is only a levy on consumption of electrical energy. Submission is that even the object of



the parent Act is to levy tax on the consumption of electricity and there being no variance from this purpose under the Ordinance, it is well sustainable.

With regard to the provisions of the amending Act, 25. submission of Sri Dinesh Rao is that assuming but not conceding, that the Ordinance is defective for any reason, even such defects have been taken care of in the amending Act; that the levy of tax is only on the consumer of electricity and not on the generator under the amending Act; that sufficient care has been taken to confine the levy to consumption and on such consumer who are taxed on consumption of electricity, therefore the undoubtedly being within the province of the State legislature there is no infirmity regarding the legislative competence and in fact the legislature having responded to the representation of the industry and having reduced the rate of levy from 50 paise per unit to 25 paise per unit, there cannot be any grievance at all on the part of the petitioners; that the Act being a valid piece of legislation,

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the levy is sustained and any demand thereunder is also sustainable.

Learned Government Advocate would also submit 26. that the levy under sub-section (2) of Section 3 of the Act being confined to two categories of consumers, viz., consumers who generate electricity themselves and consume it, and the consumers who get such electricity generated by non-licencee generators and supplied free of cost, as both these types of consumers do not pay any electricity tax in respect of such consumption otherwise, in the sense that such electricity which is consumed by the consumers as indicated in clause (1)(ii) of sub-section (2) of Section 3 of the Act, being otherwise not taxed under the Act, the legislature thought that the levy can be confined to these classes of consumers, as they are otherwise not subjected to levy of electricity tax in respect of the very electricity that is being consumed by them, particularly the very consumption being not subjected to tax in terms of sub-section (1) of Section 3 of the Act and

levy if at all would be one to bring about uniformity in the sense even such consumers are brought within the net of levy of electricity tax and therefore is a valid classification and definitely has nexus to the object of the parent Act as well as the amending Act. It is submitted that while the object of levy of electricity tax on consumption is equally achieved by the levy of tax on persons like the petitioners, the legislature having thought it fit to confine the levy to a class of persons who are generators of power and consume it themselves or get it free of cost from a non-licencee would be a good classification and the levy being confined to such identifiable group of consumers, it is a reasonable and valid classification and having a definite nexus to the object of the parent as well as the amending Act and therefore a reasonable classification sustainable even on the touchstone of Article 14 of the Constitution of India.

27 It is the further submission of the learned Additional Government Advocate that in the matter of classification. particularly for raising revenue to the state, the state



enjoys a very wide choice; that it is open to the state to subject some to tax and not to subject all citizens to the same tax; that it is open to the state to confine the levy of the type of electricity tax as is sought to be realized under sub-section (2) of Section 3 of the Act on an identifiable group of consumers and such being the case, in the case classification is a petitioners. the classification and cannot be held to be bad. Learned Government Advocate would also submit that the classification cannot be tested on the parameters of the strict conformity to a definite identify, but it should broadly conform to a group put together i.e. persons of like nature being together and if persons grouped together have a distinct feature with persons left out of the group, courts have held such classification to be a reasonable classification for the purpose of answering the test of reasonableness which meets the test of Article 14 of the Constitution of India. In this regard, learned Government Advocate would place reliance on the decision of the



PRADESH US NATIONAL THERMAL POWER CORPORATION LTD [AIR 2002 SC 1895], decisions of this court in STATE OF KARNATAKA US HBLL & OTHERS [ILR 2005 KAR 1397], M/S WEST COAST PAPER MILLS LTD US UNION OF INDIA [ILR 2005 KAR 4455] and also the decision of the Supreme Court in the case of KERALA HOTEL & RESTAURANT ASSOCIATION US STATE OF KERALA [AIR 1990 SC 913].

28. It is the submission of learned Additional Government Advocate that the mere fact that some tax payers may have to bear additional burden by itself is not a ground to contend that they are discriminated; that it is not necessary nor a requirement of law that the burden of tax should be uniform on all citizens; that it is within the domain of the state to distribute the burden of tax depending on the capacity of the bearer; that it is sufficient to classify such persons if they form an identifiable and distinguishable group and in the case of

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petitioners, the petitioners being such a class of persons who have the capacity to generate and use electricity by themselves and also being persons who do not pay for buying power from their supplier, a non-licencee, the licencee being as defined under the Act, and not paying for such power and therefore not subjected to tax under subsection (1) of Section 3 of the Act for the very consumption [of electric energy], if such consumer is sought to be taxed under sub-section (2) of Section 3 of the Act, the classification is a valid, reasonable, justified and therefore sustainable even on the touchstone of Article 14 of the Constitution of India.

29. It is the further submission of the learned AGA that the plea of estoppel raised by many of the petitioners claiming that they had been either accustomed to or provided with exemption hitherto in respect of the electricity generated by themselves from the very levy of electricity tax and such exemption granted to them being for a particular period and the period also having not been



over, the state is estopped from levying tax for the very period and contrary to the concession or exemption extended; that the concession or exemption is not a matter of right; that any person can enjoy the exemption only so long as it is extended to him and in this regard has drawn the attention of the court to a notification that has been issued in the year 2003 in terms of the notification No DE 93 EBS 2003 dated 3-11-2003, withdrawing the earlier government Notification No DE 210 EEB 95 dated 18/24-6-1997, which had granted exemption in respect of payment of electricity tax under the Act on captive (self consumption) generation with effect from 16-10-2003 and until further orders, submits that all such exemptions which had been issued by the government under a similar earlier notification, in exercise of its power under the Act having been withdrawn by the government in exercise of the same power, there is no such exemption enjoyed by the petitioners under the earlier notification, and the argument with regard to the exemption from payment of

electricity tax is not tenable. It is alternatively submitted that even assuming that any exemption granted for any specific period was still in vogue under any individual exemption orders issued by the government, such orders being in the exercise of the delegated powers in favour of the government by the legislature and the present levy being one by an Act of the legislature itself i.e. by plenary legislation, the provisions of the amending Act supercedes all earlier notifications and orders of the government and at any rate the validity of the amended Act cannot be decided on the touchstone of an exemption notification that had been granted earlier by the government. Submission is that the levy under the amending Act if is otherwise valid will take effect to notwithstanding any exemption or concession, the petitioners might have enjoyed such exemption till the amending Act came into force and this exemption will not enure to their benefit any more from the date of the amending Act has come into force. In this regard, the learned Additional Government



Advocate places reliance on the decision of the Supreme Court in the case of M/S SHARMA TRANSPORT US GOVERNMENT OF ANDHRA PRADESH (AIR 2002 SC 322 - para-23).

- 30. It is in the light of such rival contentions, the present writ petitions are to be examined. To appreciate the rival contentions, it may be necessary to look into the provisions of the principal Act. The principal Act is a piece of legislation enacted by the Karnataka Legislature in the year 1959 as Act No 14 of 1959. The Act has come to be amended from time to time and the amendment in terms of the Ordinance in the year 2003 and the Act No 5 of 2004, which is nevertheless given effect from 16-10-2003, and their effect on the parent Act are the subject matter for consideration in these petitions.
- 31. The statement of object and reasons of the parent Act reads as under:

Different rates of taxation on consumption of electricity have been in force since the Reorganization of States in the several areas of the



State and it has been considered necessary to have a uniform tax structure all over the State. This uniform structure could not however be introduced until the tariff structure was made uniform. The State Electricity Board has introduced a uniform tariff structure all over the State with effect from 1st July 1959. As it was necessary to introduce the uniform tax structure simultaneously with the introduction of uniform rates, an Ordinance was promulgated on 23rd June 1959. This Ordinance is generally on the lines of the Mysore Electricity (Taxation on Consumption) Act, 1950 as amended by the Mysore Electricity (Taxation on Consumption) Amendment Act 1957.

- 32. If one were to go by the statement of objects and reasons, it is to bring about a uniform rate of levy of electricity tax the provisions had been codified, as it is mentioned in the statement of objects and reasons that different rates of taxation on consumption were in force in different parts of the State. May be particularly in the wake of the different parts having been located in different areas, which later came to be unified under the States Reorganization Act, the parent Act was enacted to bring about uniformity in rates in different areas.
- 33. The streamlining of the rate of tax has been continued from time to time under the Act and the



Ordinance and the amending Act in the sense that the rates of tax do not vary from area to area, but the classification is on the nature of the consumer. The enactment being a fiscal statute by the State, the real object of the Act, whether it is stated in the statement of objects and reasons or not, is one to raise revenue for the state by levy of tax on consumption of electricity. The levy of tax so long as it is confined to consumption of electricity, the purpose and object of the Act is achieved.

34. In so far as the relevant provisions of the Act, as it stood immediately prior to the issue of the Ordinance, the change brought about by the Ordinance and the corresponding provisions under the amending Act are concerned, it can be noticed as under:

By Act 7/2003 levy of tax on electricity charges	As amended by Ordinance levy of tax on electricity charges & energy generated	By Act 5/2004 levy of tax on electricity charges etc.
Subject to the provisions of this Act, there shall be levied and paid to the state	1) Subject to the provisions of this Act, there shall be levied and paid to the state government ad	



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ad government valorem tax [hereinafter referred as to 'electricity tax| at five per cent on electricity charges payable [excluding arrears] by all consumers except consumers under [irriagricultural gation pumpsets upto and inclusive horse of ten powerl, Bhagya 2) Jyothi and Kutira Jyothi categories

valorem tax [hereinafter referred to as 'electricity taxl at five per œnt onthe electricity charges payable *[excluding* arrears by all the consumers except consumers under agricultural firrigation pump sets upto and inclusive of ten horse powerl Bhagua Jyothi and Kutira Jyothi categories.

the | Subject to provisions of this Act, there shall be levisd and paid to the state government with effect from the date of commencement Karnataka Electricitu (Taxation on Consum-(Amendment) ption) Ordinance, 2003 and till the first day of July 2004, an electricity tax at the rate of fifty palse per unit on all the units of energy generated by any person not being a licencee who conenergy sumes the generated by himself or supplies to another person free of charges

state govern ment ad tax valorem [hereinafter] referred as electricity tax] at five per cent on the electricity charges payable *lexcluding* arrears) by all the consumers conexcept under sumers agricultural firripump gation sets upto and inclusive of ten powerl, horse Jyothi Bhagya Kutira and Jyothi categories.

2) Subject to the provisions of this Act, there shall be levied and paid to the state government with effect from the date of commencement óf Karnataka Electricitu (Taxation on Consumption) (Amendment) Act 2004 and till the first day of July 2004, an electri-city tax at the rate

twenty-five paise per unit on all the units of energy consumed by any person
i) not being a licencee who has generated such energy; or
ii) to whom it is supplied free of charge by a person not being a licencee who has generated such energy

35. The question of examining the validity of the Karnataka Ordinance No 8 of 2003 would have become academic, as the Ordinance which is in force for a limited period, does not operate beyond that period and in fact even within that period having been repealed by the Karnataka Act No 5 of 2004, examining the constitutional validity of this Ordinance would have become a futile exercise and the validity of the Ordinance need not have been examined in these petitions, but for two reasons. Firstly many of the writ petitioners had approached this



and when the Ordinance was in force and varying types of conditional interim orders had been granted. But, more importantly action taken under the Ordinance is saved by sub-section (2) of Section 3 of the Amending Act and therefore it becomes necessary even now to examine the validity of the Ordinance for the purpose of sub-section (2) of Section 3 of the Amending Act as to whether the saving clause can be really save some action that had already been taken under the Ordinance, if the Ordinance was a valid one and otherwise if the Ordinance itself was not valid.

36. The language of sub-section (1) of Section 3 of the parent Act in terms of the amendment by the Ordinance is almost in *pari materia* with the earlier charging Section, as it stood prior to this amendment. However, it is subsection (2) of Section 3 of the Act, which is the one facing challenge and is as extracted above. The charging part is one which creates a liability in the name of electricity tax

at the rate of 50 paise per unit on all units of energy generated by any person not being a licencee who consume the energy generated by himself or supplies to any other person free of charge. The levy is one that is linked to the generator, who may consume it himself, and who is not a licencee. Also on a person who on generation supplies to another person free of charge. The levy is essentially linked to generation, although it is indicated that such a person who generates also consumes by himself. But in the latter part, when power is supplied free of charge by a person not being a licencee, such supplier/generator is charged as per sub-section (2) of Section 3 of the Act as amended by the Ordinance. In fact it is one such situation that occurs in WP No 50935 of 2003, where the demand is on the generator who supplies electricity free to the consumers and also in WP No 48147 of 2003. But the language is clear that the levy is linked to the generation and not necessarily to the consumption. So long as the levy of electricity tax is linked to generation



and the number of units generated, the levy is one on the manufacture or generation and goes out of the scope of Entry-53 of List-II of seventh schedule to the Constitution It may be the generated electricity which is of India. consumed by the generator himself and therefore it may also result in consumption. But the levy is not one linked to consumption, but being linked to generation, the very levy become bad in law for want of legislative competence on the part of the state government and if so it is afortiori so by issue of an ordinance to create such a levy. precisely for this reason that I have to hold that the amendment to the parent Act in terms of the Ordinance is unconstitutional and accordingly the Ordinance declared as unconstitutional and consequently parent Act also declared amendment to the unconstitutional. It is also held that when once the very Ordinance is held and declared to be unconstitutional, all actions pursuant to the Ordinance are null and void, without valid support in law and cannot be sustained

independently. The demand and collection of electricity tax pursuant to the provisions of the Act in terms of the amendment to the Act under the Ordinance is also held to be illegal and such orders or demands stand quashed.

In so far as the prayer for refund of the amount paid 37. already, on this premise is concerned, it will have to be examined in the light of the subsequent development, particularly on the examination of the challenge to the validity of the Act, as the amending Act has in place replaced the ordinance in the sense that it is given retroactive effect from the very date when the Ordinance had been promulgated and the liability had been created under the Amending Act independent of the Ordinance. It is therefore to be held that the levy under the amending Act is also one which is coextensive with the levy under the Ordinance, in the sense even under the amended Act, the levy of additional electricity tax under sub-section (2) of Section 3 of the Act as amended by the amending Act, is effective from 16-10-2003 upto 1-7-2004.

38. That takes us necessarily to the examination of the validity of the provisions of the Act. In so far as the legislative competence of the Act is concerned, though it is contended that the Act being one for the purpose of replacing the Ordinance and in fact it may so recite also, the validity of this enactment is not necessarily dependent on the validity of the ordinance. The two exercises are different and may be the Act normally follows to continue an action taken or steps taken pursuant to the Ordinance, which would have been an exercise though as a piece of legislation for an emergency or a contingency and limited in point of time, but it is continued by the subsequent Act of legislature. The Ordinance may be continued or may not be continued, may be allowed to lapse, and if at all there is an enactment, later and the effect of the same is continued, normally actions taken under the Ordinance are saved even under the continued enactment. If the Act replaces the Ordinance, the Ordinance is repealed and notwithstanding the repeal, action taken under the

Ordinance is sought to be sustained. This is the legislative practice followed.

- 39. In the present case, if one should look into the provisions of the amending Act, it shows that the legislature has employed an over-cautious step in not only giving the Act retroactive effect from the date of the Ordinance but also is seeking to save the actions already taken under the Ordinance.
- 40. If one were to examine the language of the amending Act, particularly for the purpose of sub-section (2) of Section 3 of the Act, the levy of tax is linked to the consumption and not to the generation any more. Though it is urged with some vehemence and force by Sri Chaitanya Hegde, learned counsel for the petitioners, that it is a case of colourable legislation, colourable legislation is one where in the name of one thing some thing else is done i.e. on the pretext of levying tax on a subject matter within the province of one legislature, what is in reality

sought to be subjected to tax is on a subject which is totally outside the competence of the particular legislature. The present levy being on the consumption of electricity and clearly a levy only at consumption point, it is immaterial as to whether the very consumer has In fact the argument that the generated that or not. generating electricity consumer who was nevertheless being extended exemptions itself indicates that the levy was one on consumer only and therefore always well within the scope of state legislature. I do not find any instance of colourable legislation in the present enactment.

41. That apart, even on the ratio of the decision of the Supreme Court in the case of **K C GAJAPATI NARAYAN DEO** [supra] the argument is not made good, as the argument which had been put forth in the converse manner failed.

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- 42. The present situation is a case of the legislature making a law well within its competence and on the express subject matter of levy of tax on consumption of electricity.
- 43. The mere fact that the consumer is a generator or is one who receives free power from other generators who were not licencees or sister concern or otherwise makes no difference for the competence of the legislature to levy electricity tax in terms of sub-section (2) of Section 3 of the amending Act. The amending Act No 5 of 2004 is well within the competence of the State legislature and the parent Act as amended by this amending Act is one valid and enforceable.
- 44. The amendeing Act has been given effect to from 16-10-2003 itself. This no doubt leaves an element of ambiguity or confusion because of the specific provision of the savings section under the amending Act, as the action taken under the parent Act as amended to by the

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Ordinance is sought to be sustained here. The variance as it occurs is in the rate of taxes under the Ordinance it was at 50 paise per unit, whereas the rate under the amended Act is 25 paise per unit. In fact if such an action is sought to be sustained, then the amending Act brings about a discrimination between some class of tax payers who had paid tax in terms of the demand raised under the Ordinance and those on whom the demand had not been raised. While one principle of interpretation is to understand the provisions of the enactment in a manner that it is rendered constitutional than to make it unconstitutional and therefore assuming that it can be said that it is only the provisions of the Act that can be given effect from 16-10-2003 or the liability as created under the Act that has to be given effect to, nevertheless it still leaves an area of controversy in respect of the action taken under the Ordinance that is sought to be sustained. But, in the instant case, the Ordinance having been declared invalid, the action taken under that also being



not saved, to that extent, the saving clause provided for under the amending Act is held to be illegal for the reason that the saving provision under the amending Act seeks to keep valid or validate an otherwise unsupportable action under the Ordinance. It is, therefore, that the saving Section 3(2) of the amending Act is declared to be illegal and unconstitutional.

- 45. The consequence of declaring sub-section (2) Section 3 of the Amending Act as unconstitutional and therefore illegal is that no action that had been taken under the Ordinance is saved and to that extent also the action falls to ground unless it is independently supported.
- 46. That takes me to the other argument about the provisions of the Amending Act being discriminatory, which is the main contention urged by the learned counsel appearing on behalf of the petitioners. The argument has been noticed earlier, so also defence of the respondents



and the arguments by the Govt Advocate on behalf of the State Government.

- 47. The basis for finding out as to whether the provision is discriminatory or otherwise is well settled, by now. A classification to meet the requirement of being a reasonable classification in which event it may be said, it is not a discriminatory one, is that the persons classified differently should form a distinct identifiable group. Such classification should be based on an intelligible criteria having a nexus to the object of the Act.
- 48. The class of consumers who are subjected to tax under sub-section (2) of Section 3 of the Amending Act are consumers who generate electricity by themselves or get it free of cost from other non-licencee generators. There cannot be any doubt that such consumers can form a distinct and separate group of consumers as by and large all consumers buy electricity generated and supplied through licencees. In fact, most of the consumers are

merely consumers and even industrial consumers are depending on the supply thorough licencess. May be there are some consumers who are themselves capable of generating electricity subject to fulfilling the requirements of obtaining permission etc., and may be some consumers have such arrangement with other generators and suppliers of energy not necessarily being licencees. either view, it may be said that they definitely form a distinct identifiable group. Such grouping answers the first requirement of the classification being an intelligible differentia as one can easily find out as who all come in this group and who are all persons left out of the group. But it is also necessary that such classification should have a nexus with the object of the Act and not any classification not concerned with the object of the Act. The object of the Amending Act is to raise additional revenues to meet the additional financial burden on KPTCL and the state government as a result of increasing power supply to rural areas for longer duration in areas



where there was shortage of drinking water. Additional supply because of the policy decision of the Government, to increase the duration of power supply in rural areas, for which purpose the Karnataka Power Transmission Corporation Limited has to buy extra power from outside at an additional cost and to meet such situation etc.. the levy. What is submitted by Sri. Chaitanya Hegde, learned counsel for the petitioner in this regard is that if M/s.KPTCL should incur additional cost, there is no reason why the Government should levy additional burden on persons like the petitioners and therefore there is no nexus to the classification that is sought to be made.

49. The nexus here is not necessarily as to whether the person on whom the burden falls is a beneficiary for purposes of classification. The nexus is only to the extent of a justification of the revenue being raised and in that context making a classification. So long as the additional burden is also one which goes to the Exchequer of the State for meeting any contingency or the

expenditure of the State the test of nexus is met. Even in a given situation where the statement of objects by themselves might not have clearly spelt out as to the reason for which the additional burden is being placed even then, the levy will not automatically become If the levy is one in the context of augmenting the revenue of the State, which ultimately forms part of the contingency fund of the State, the levy is one which subserves the object of a fiscal statute like the present Act. If at all the statement of objects are an introductory note appended to the bill introduced in the Assembly or the Parliament and for apprising the members of the assembly of the intention of the government in introducing the bill. That statement of objects as spelt out in the introductory note may not always necessarily coincide with the real object sought to be achieved under the Act. The object of the Act is even otherwise, one as can be inferred from the provisions of the Act, the effect of the Act and the manner in which it is implemented. It is one of



levying tax on consumers for purposes of raising revenue to the State. To that extent, the State has the legislative If that is so, the mere coincidence that a competence. different or a discordant note is struck in the statement of objects which is as mentioned, being an introductory note to the bill that was introduced in the assembly, will not be a criteria for the purposes of examining the nexus test with regard to the classification attempted by the State. In the present case, I find ultimately the object being one of raising additional revenue and it is definitely achieved by levying tax on consumers, but such levy is not distributed uniformly on all consumers, but is confined to the classes of consumers identified and mentioned in subsection (2) of Section 3. Therefore, while the nexus is definitely evident, the question is only about classification being a reasonable classification based on an intelligible differentia.

50. While looking into the validity of the tax laws to meet the test of Article 14 of the Constitution. Courts do not



examine the provisions of the present nature a fiscal statute with a magnifying glass to unearth the possible slight defect to declare it to be unconstitutional. The parameters for classification should conform to a broad sense of reasonable classification and should not be a whimsical classification with reference to the object of the act of raising revenue. I am of the view the present legislation passes the test.

51. That apart, I find that the classification if at all cannot be challenged as being discriminatory on the ground that it seeks to levy an additional burden on the group of persons identified under sub-Sec. (2) of Sec. 3. Submission of Sri Chaitanya Hegdel learned counsel for the for the petitioners in support of the contention that sub-sec. (2) of Sec. 3 of the Act is an additional burden on persons subjected to tax under this provision is discriminatory, that on the very consumption of electricity, tax is levied twice on such persons, once under sub-sec. (1) of Sect. 3 of the Act and again under sub-sec. (2) of



Sec. 3 of the Act. Alternatively it is contended that while there was no liability for payment of tax by persons like the petitioners under Sec. 3 as it stood earlier i.e. prior to the amendment, it is the amending Act that has saddled liability for payment of tax only on persons like the petitioners and it is therefore discriminatory.

52. I find both the contentions not tenable. In fact there is no additional burden on persons liable to pay tax under sub-sec. (2) of Sec. 3 of the Act as amended by the amending Act. This is because the energy which is subjected to levy is not the same energy. Under subsection (1) of Section 3 of the Act, levy of electricity tax is on the electricity charges payable at 5% ad valorem. If there is no payment for electricity consumed, as is the case in respect of electricity consumed under sub-section (2) of Section 3 of the Act, there is no liability under subsection (1) of Section 3 of the Act. Likewise. electricity consumed for which payment is made while is subjected to tax under sub-section (1) of Section 3 of the Act, there



is no levy on the consumption of such electricity under sub-section (2) of Section 3 of the Act. Therefore, the very argument that there is an additional burden is fallacious.

The other argument that earlier there was no liability 53. for payment of tax on persons like the petitioners, as they had enjoyed the benefit of certain exemptions, but now under sub-section (2) of Section 3 of the Act even such persons are subjected to tax and therefore the provision is discriminatory, is again not tenable for the reason that the levy under sub-section (2) of Section 3 of the Act is one on an identifiable and distinct class of persons who form a class by themselves. The ultimate object of the Act is to levy tax on the consumption of electricity and in a uniform While this object is not in any way manner area-wise. deviated by the levy of tax under sub-section (2) of Section 3 of the Act, although the statement of objections and reasons to the Ordinance and the Amending Act might have mentioned that the levy is in the circumstance that the state has taken a policy decision to provide three

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hours of additional supply of power in rural areas affected by drought condition, the levy nevertheless is on the consumption of electricity and on an identifiable distinct class of persons. This answers the test of reasonable classification for the purpose of meeting the requirement of equal opportunity envisaged under Article 14 of the Constitution of India, and therefore I do not find any unconstitutionality in the impugned provision.

54. That still leaves the question of the levy being bad for the reason that many of the petitioners had enjoyed certain exemptions and for stipulated periods; that a portion of such period had not expired by the time the levy was sought to be enforced under sub-section (2) of Section 3 particularly in the case of many petitioners for the period between 16.10.2003 and 1.7.2004. They still enjoy the benefit of exemption that had been issued either under Section 8 of the Act under a general notification or specific exemption. Here again, the argument may not yield a positive result to the petitioner for the simple reason that



all such exemptions which are the acts of a delegate in the sense that the executive part of the State had granted such exemptions, whereas the present levy is under the plenary legislation and by the Amending Act itself. The provisions of the Act over-ride the provisions of the notifications or exemption orders and at any rate the argument of promissory estoppel which is called in aid for such a situation will not be available to plead it against the legislation. However, if any person may be enjoying an exemption granted subsequent to the provisions of the Amending Act coming into force, with reference to the particular levy it is open to such petitioner to establish that position and to claim benefit of the same. But, any exemption or benefit of exemption which had been extended to the petitioners prior to the enforcement of the Amending Act cannot come to their aid to avoid any levy under the Amending Act. To this extent, the challenge to the Amending Act definitely fails.



In the result, these petitions are allowed in part. The Ordinance in terms of Karnataka Ordinance No. 8 of 2003 is declared to be invalid, illegal and non-enforceable. Therefore, the provisions of the Parent Act as amended by the Ordinance also cannot be enforced so long as it seeks to take sustenance from the Ordinance and all such actions which had been taken in exercise of the power under the Amended Act as amended by the Ordinance also fall to ground. Sub-section (2) of Section 3 of the Amending Act relating to the saving provision and actions that had been taken under the Ordinance is also declared to be unconstitutional and unenforceable. No action is saved under this provision of law. Consequentially, all those demands raised and all payment received, which had been raised on the strength of the Ordinance and the Amendment of the Parent Act by the Ordinance are all illegal and the demand is quashed, if it had been enforced and respondents cannot retain any amount on the basis. However, the provisions of the Amending Act in respect of



other provisions of the Act are held to be constitutional including sub-section (2) of Section 3 of the Parent Act as amended by the Act No.5/2004.

While petitioners who might have paid any taxes 56. pursuant to the demand as raised on the basis of the Amendment to the parent Act by the Ordinance, can seek for refund of the amount by making an application to the respondent/competent authority indicating the payments that they have made or paid in respect of the liability and file applications seeking for payment with supporting material of payment etc., the respondents are required to consider the request and pass appropriate orders on the same within three months from the date of receipt of a copy of this order. It is however made clear that it is open to the respondents to make such adjustments as they are entitled to towards the amounts payable by the petitioners in respect of the liability other than the liability under the Act as amended by the Ordinance only. It is also open to the respondents to retain such amount as the State is



entitled to, in the light of the Amending Act No.5/2004 amending the Parent Act to the extent that it is not disturbed by the order and to the extent that the provisions are not declared to be unconstitutional.

- 57. Writ petitions are allowed in part to the extent indicated above.
- 58. Rule made absolute.

Sd/-Judge

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